

GPS/DGPS NAVIGATOR GPS-90MkII/GPS-90MkIID

KGP-913MkII/913MkIID.OM.E 0093191302-01



Declaration of Conformity

(As required by Article 6.3 of Directive 1999/5/EC-RTTE Directive)

Declares under his sole responsibility that the Marine GPS receiver manufactured by Koden Electronics Co., Ltd.

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Intended for Worldwide use as a Marine GPS Navigator for use aboard non-SOLAS vessels and Identified by the type number $KGP-913Mk \ II\ /\ KGP-913Mk \ II\ D$ to which this declaration refers is in conformity with the EMC, Health and Safety standards of

EN60945

and complies with the essential requirements of Directive 1999/5/EC

Conformity assessment under Annex II of 1999/5/EC (internal production control) has been undertaken.

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Signed	/ Chimake!
Kenichi	Chiwaki
Manage	er / Quality Assurance Department
Dated .	27 Dec. 2008



Important Notice

Manual

Keep this manual in a safe place where you can quickly access it. This manual must be passed to any new owner of the GPS NAVIGATOR when it is transferred.

The Global Positioning System (GPS) consists of a total of 28 GPS satellites that orbit on the earth, enabling you to calculate your position anywhere in the world, 24 hours a day if you can receive satellite signals. However, these satellites are controlled by the U.S. DoD and the satellite position and speed may be changed slightly without notice due to U.S. military strategy. Also, radio emission may be interupted due to equipment testing or adjustment or changes in their orbit, causing your positioning to fail. During actual navigation, carefully compare the calculated data with all available navigation sources such as Loran C, Decca, other navigators, charts, visual navigation, depth, water temperature and others. It is your responsibility to make navigation judgments.

About the positioning accuracy:

The GPS positioning accuracy is inhibited due to U.S. military strategy (SA). When the PDOP is 3 or less and when the GPS satellites are well positioned in orbit, you can expect 95% of positioning data in the accuracy within 100 m. The remaining 5% of data may have errors to 200 m or more. If the antenna unit is shaded, or if the satellites are not positioned well, the PDOP may drop and it is possible the 95% of positioning data may have errors exceeding 100 m.

DGPS operation note:

Your position can be inproved by DGPS correction. When you are communicating with other ships, you may be using the DGPS correction position and they do not. You should advise them your position is DGPS originated.

Pictorials

This manual uses some of the following pictorials to help in the understanding of safety instructions. Always follow these instructions carefully.

WARNING	Always follow this instruction to prevent injury or lost of life.
CAUTION	Follow this safety instruction to avoid personal injury or damage to your property.
4	Symbol "\(\triangle^\)" is a CAUTION or WARNING label describing the safety warning. (This symbol is an Electrical Shock warning label.)
	Symbol "O" is an instruction that you must not violate. (This symbol instructs NOT to disassemble any system components.)
8:5	Symbol "•" is an operation instruction that you must follow. (This symbol indicates you must turn OFF the main power supply.)

M

WARNING <For System Operators>

Always follow this instruction to prevent lost of life or injury.

9:5	Turn power OFF during abnormality.	If smoke or a burning smell occurs, fire or electrical shock may result. Turn the power switch OFF and shut down the power supply immediately. Never attempt to repair the system yourself. Call for service.
	Do not open the cabinet.	High voltage exists in the instrument. Contact with it may cause personal injury or lost of life.
0	Do not use in poor ventilation.	If you cover this product or use in a closed place, it may malfunction or be damaged due to overheating. Use only where there is plenty of ventilation.



Installation Cautions <For Service Personnel>

Follow the installation instructions to avoid injury and system malfunction.

Installation in rigid position	Mount your system securely on a rigid frame or ceiling. Otherwise, your mounting may loosen.	
Use correct installation materials. Use only the installation materials in the standard accessory pack. If the bolt and strength is not sufficient, your unit may fall and be damaged.		
Keep away from direct sunlight.	Keep your unit away from direct sunlight, otherwise, it may be damaged or burnt due to overheating.	
Keep away from water. Take care not to drop water on your system as it may become damaged receive an electrical shocked.		
Keep away from heat source.	Keep your unit away from a direct heat source as it may malfunction or burn.	
Operate your system with the specified power voltage. Incorrect input voltage cause damage, fire or injury.		



Maintenance Cautions < For Maintenance Personnel>

Use the following safety precautions during internal inspection.

Discharge capacitors.	A high voltage may remain in the capacitors of the high-tension circuit several minutes after you have turned the power switch off. Wait at least five minutes or discharge them to the ground before starting your inspection.
Check that power is OFF.	To prevent electrical shock due to erroneous power switching, make sure that the main power supply and the system power switch are both off. Also attach a safety label showing that service is in progress.
Avoid static electricity.	Take care not to damage the ESDs (Electrostatic Sensitive Devices) as a result of static electricity from carpet and cloths.
Avoid dust.	Wear a safety mask to protect against dust during inspection or cleaning inside your system.

Operation Notes < For Operators>

Observe the following operation notes. System failure or deterioration can result. Periodic inspection and maintenance are required for maintaining the system in an optimum condition.

Backup important data.	Save or log important data in backup memory or log sheets. The initial setup data and your storage data may be lost when the internal battery expires or when you service the electrical circuits.
Avoid excessive force.	Take care not to apply excessive force to the display unit (LCD). Since the display panel has high-density electronics components, excessive force can crack or damage it.

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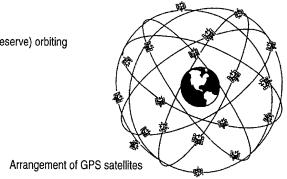
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Understanding GPS (Global Positioning System)

Arrangement of GPS satellites

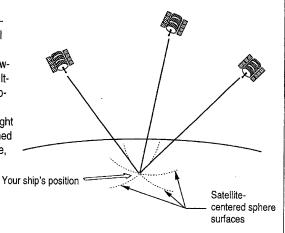
GPS is a navigation system using 24 satellites (21 plus 3 in reserve) orbiting 20,183 km high from the earth every 11 hours 58 minutes.



How your position is obtained?

Your position is determined by calculating the distance from two satellites (in 2-dimensional positioning) or three satellites (in 3-dimensional positioning) to your position. The distance is determined by the time taken for a message to be sent from the satellites to the receiver. However, an additional satellite is used to eliminate measuring errors resulting from the time factor since it is not practical to have a clock synchronized precisely with the clocks on the satellites.

In 2-dimensional positioning, your position (latitude and longitude; height is preset) is determined at the intersection point of three spheres formed by three satellites. In 3-dimensional positioning, your position (latitude, longitude and height) is determined at the intersection point of four spheres formed by four satellites.



Notes

- 1. The accuracy of measurement by GPS may be subject to change by the policy of the U.S. Department of Defense (DoD).
- 2. The GPS system is based on a geodetic system called WGS-84. In conventional world map system, one coordinate system differs from others with region, and this causes the position fix made on the map and GPS measurement to differ to a certain extent. For further information, see "Selecting a geodetic datum" on Page 45 and "Correction your position" on Page 37 to 40 and Page 53 to 54.

Space segment Space segment Space segment Space segment The control station that monitors and controls GPS satellites from the earth. User segment GPS receiver owned by users. Space segment Control segment Control segment GPS receiver owned by users. Control segment Space segment Control segment Control segment GPS receiver owned by users. Seal Control center Earth stations

For Proper Operation

GPS signal reception (HDOP or PDOP)

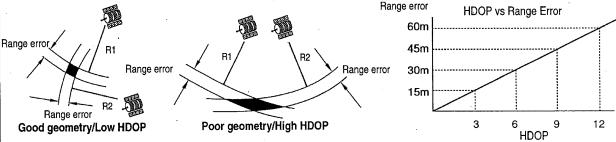
The accuracy of position determination with GPS is affected by the geometrical position of satellites and the accuracy of the ranging to the satellite.

 The satellite geometrical position in comparison to the user is expressed in the Geometrical Dilution of Precision, GDOP (or DOP). Roughly speaking, the more "spread out" the satellites are, the better accuracy of the position. When the satellites are bunched together, the position may not be as accurate as normal.

GPS receiver usually employs an algorithm which selects satellites based on the lowest DOP in accordance with satellites moving.

Horizontal DOP (HDOP) is for the horizontal (LAT/LONG) aspect of the error: two-dimensional navigation.

Position DOP (PDOP) is for both horizontal (LAT/LONG) and vertical (altitude) aspect of error: three-dimensional navigation.



Notes:

Horizontal position uncertainty

 The two-dimensional measurement may have a dropped accuracy in horizontal direction (about an error multiplied by HDOP) if your altitude differs from the antenna height you have entered.

The value of DOP changes with time because all satellites move in orbit. As a result, even if the GPS receiver is fixed to a certain
point, the value measured by the geometrical position is not fixed at all times.

 When satellites are positioned near the horizon (lower elevation), you cannot receive GPS signals due to interruption by mountains, buildings, etc.

GPS signals cannot be received in a room. Place the antenna in an open site, away from obstacles.

• The bearing data obtained from the GPS navigation system is a reference from the true north.

It takes more time to fix position when:

- · You use your GPS receiver for the first time.
- The stored orbital data is not suitable for the available satellite, or purged due to lengthy storage.
- You use it after moving a long distance.

NAVIGATOR shortens position calculating time by storing the orbital data sent from the available satellites. When you first switch on the receiver, it may take about 15 minutes before the first fix is made.

From the second operation, the receiver can fix your position within a minute because of stored satellite data from the previous operation.

switching speed can slow in low temperatures (however, this is not a fault as it becomes normal in warm temperature).

Mounting GPS receiver and notes on LCD

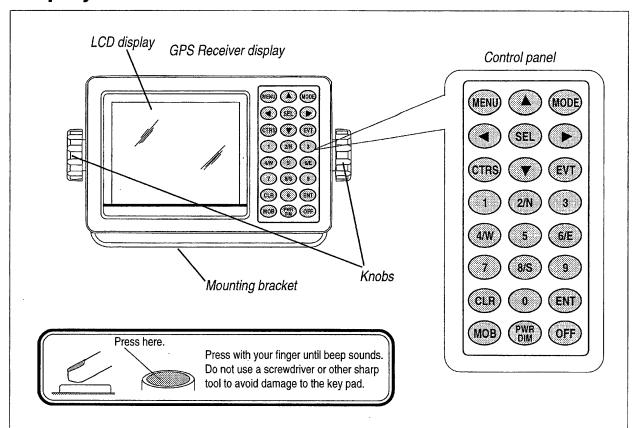
Read and follow the Important Notice given at the beginning of this manual for operations.

If your NAVIGATOR is damaged or out of order, please contact your local agent or authorized dealer for service.

Special notes for LCD (Liquid Crystal Display) panel

- · Avoid the following conditions to insure good LCD visibility:
- Long-time exposure to direct sun rays or UV.
 Extremely hot (surrounding temperature above 50 °C or 120 °F) or cold (below 0 °C or 32 °F) environment. The character
 - Extremely high humidity. The LCD can show poor performance or can be damaged.

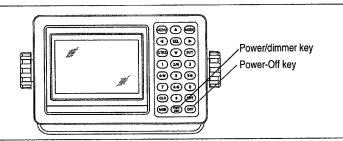
Display Unit



MODE	Mode Selects NAV1 (Navigation-1), NAV2, NAV3 or PLOT (Plotter) screen.	MOB	Emergency Activates MOB (Man Over Board) function.
MENU	Menu Recalls the menu.	PWR	Power/dimmer Turns the power on and changes the brightness of control panel (4 levels)
CLR	Clear Clears numeric/optional parameter or stops alarm sound temporarily.	OFF	Power-Off Turns the power off.
ENT	Enter Enters a numeric/optional parameter.	1 2/N 3 4/W 5 6/E	Numeric Recalls memory position, entry of numerical values, and selection North or South latitude or East or West longitude.
EVT	Event Stores event positions.	7 8/8 9	
CTRS	Contrast Changes display contrast in 8 levels.		Cursor shift Shifts the cursor in direction of the respective key on the screen when
SEL	Selection Selects parameters.		you select an option or enter a numeric value.

Getting Started

NAVIGATOR shortens position calculating time by continuously updating data sent from available satellites. (When no orbit data is stored, this is called the initialized condition.) When you first turn on the receiver and if no orbit data is stored, it will take about 15 minutes until the first fix is made. Once this is completed, time to position fix is much quicker. (1-2 minutes)





Press to power on.

On-screen messages change in the following sequence when NAVIGATOR receives satellite signals and the latitude/longitude is displayed.

Dim/bright the display:



Press to dim/bright the screen.



Initial message during power-on

Change the contrast:



Press to change the LCD contrast (intensity) in 8 levels.

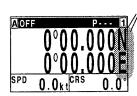


Message to indicate checking of GPS receiver and display has been completed.

Power off:



Press for 2 seconds to turn NAVIGATOR off. All data before power-off is kept in memory for later use.

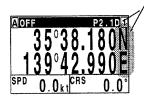


/Blinking

Blinks when NAVIGATOR is searching GPS satellites.

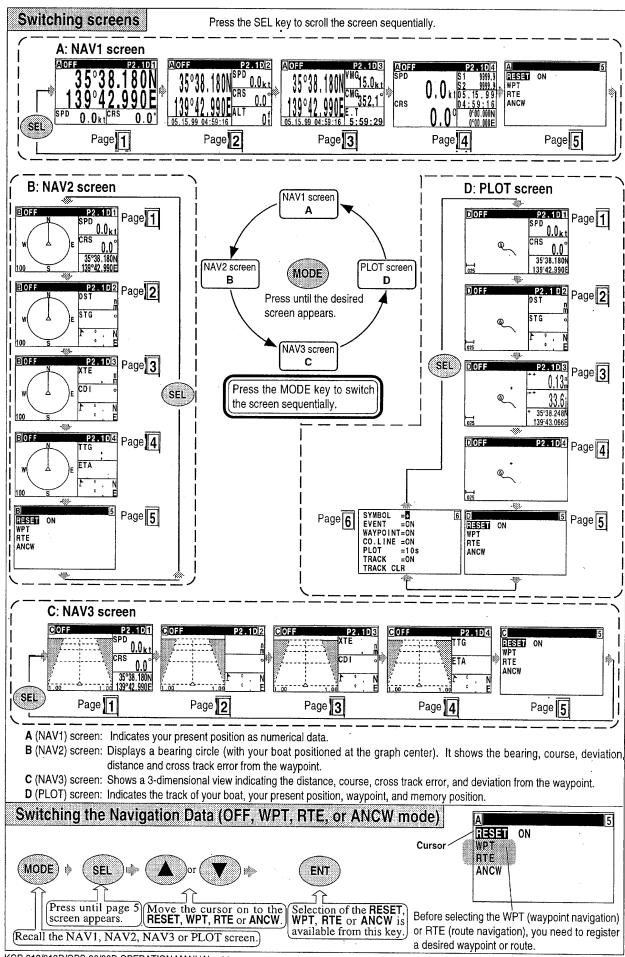
What is failure of positioning?

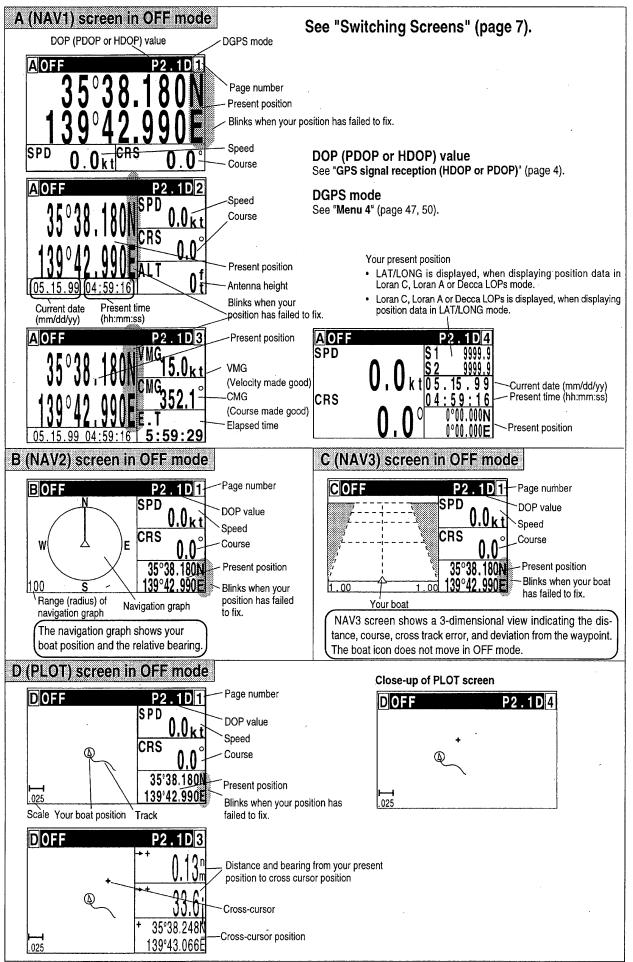
If signals from three or more satellites are not received, your position cannot be calculated.



No blinking

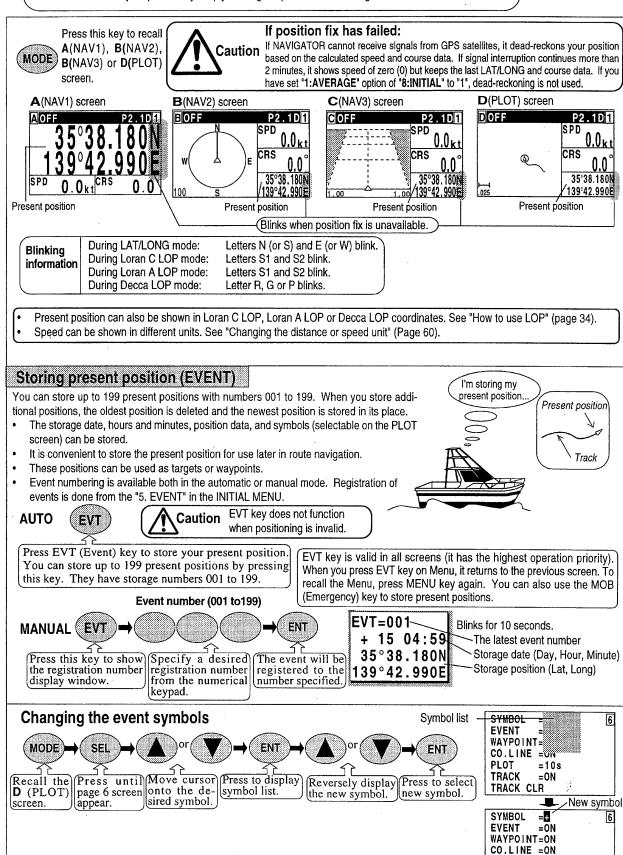
When NAVIGATOR receives signals from 3 or more satellites, it displays present latitude and longitude position with solid N (or S) and W (or E).





How to Find Out Your Position

You can determine your position by simply reading the present latitude/longitude and LOPs on the screen.



PLOT

TRACK =

=10s

Using MOB (Man over-board) key

MOB function is provided for an emergency situation (if a person falls into the water) to make it easier to return to MOB point.

Proximity alarm (blinking)



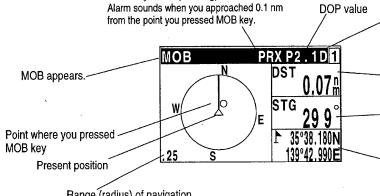
MOB key does not function if positioning is interrupted.



Press MOB key, and your position is stored immediately and MOB screen appears. You can see the distance and bearing from your present position to the point you pressed MOB key.

To change a display page:

Press until the desired page appears.



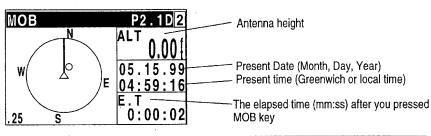
Distance (in nm) from your present position to the point you pressed MOB key

Differential GPS indication

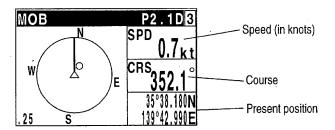
Bearing to the point where you pressed MOB key

Point where you pressed MOB key

Range (radius) of navigation graph fixed to 0.25 nm



99:99 The time display that is shown when the elapsed time has exceeded 99 minutes 59 seconds after the MOB key was pressed.





Clears the MOB mode, and returns to the previous screen when you pressed MOB key. When alarm is sounding, press CLR key to stop it. Press it again to return to the screen you were at before you pressed MOB key.

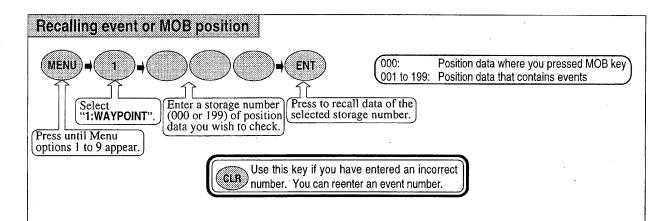
You can use only the following five keys in MOB mode:

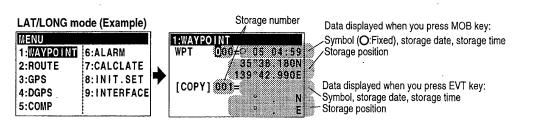




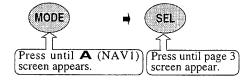






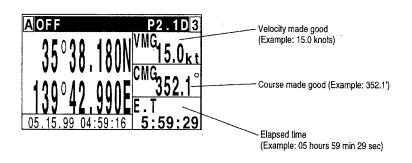


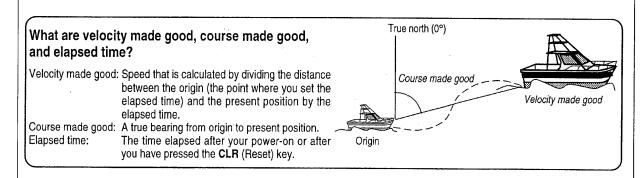
Displaying average speed, average bearing and elapsed time



This function is also available even when the waypoint navigation, root navigation or anchor position is in operation.

This display is also available in WPT, RTE and ANCW modes.





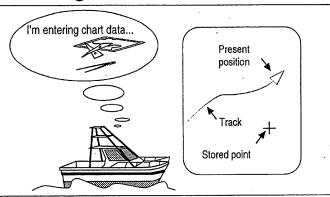
How to Get Distance and Bearing to WPT

You can obtain the following navigation information to the waypoint (WPT):

- Distance and bearing from present position to a WPT or the final destination
- · Shipís speed and time to go

You can store up to 399 points (numbers 001 to 399).

Event number: 001 to 199 Waypoint number: 200 to 399



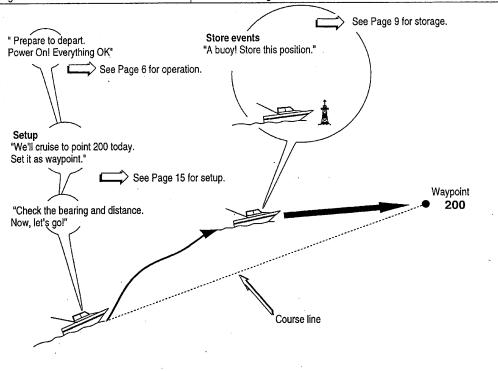
Navigation to WPT

Use the following steps (see Page 13 for operation details).

Preparation:

	Waypoint navigation	Route navigation	
	Determine your waypoints and/or final destination from sea charts or other sources.		
2.	. Store latitude and longitude data of waypoints from Menu 1.		
3.	N.A.	Create a route by combining waypoints and events and store the route from MENU 2 "1: ROUTE" option.	
4.	Check the positions on Store screen, and correct	Check the waypoints on Store screen, and correct if them	
	them if necessary.	necessary.	
5.	Start waypoint navigation.	Start route navigation.	





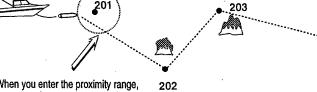
Route navigation

Waypoint advance range in route navigation S

Route See Page 21 to store a route.

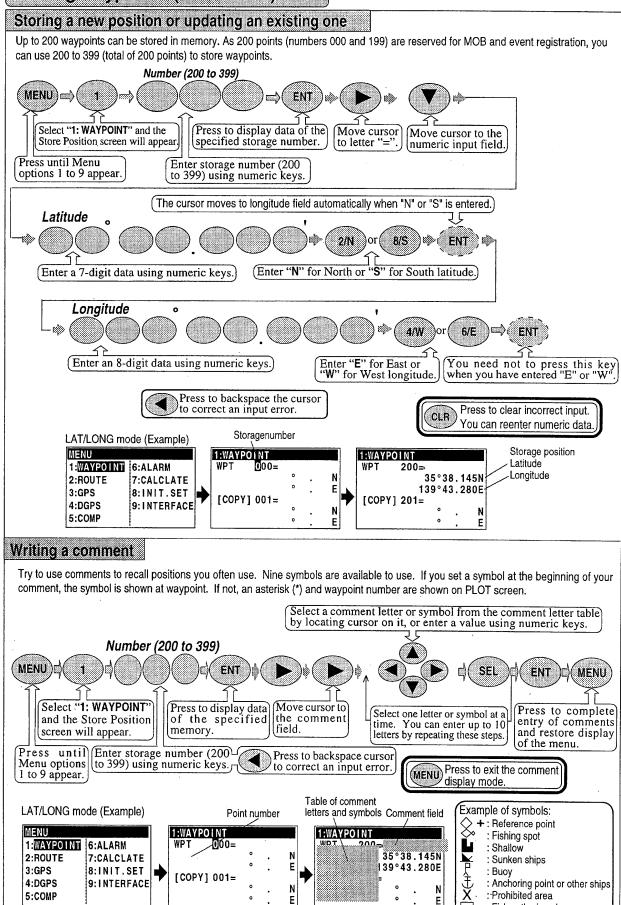
See Page 23 to select route navigation.

See Page 29 to set proximity alarm.

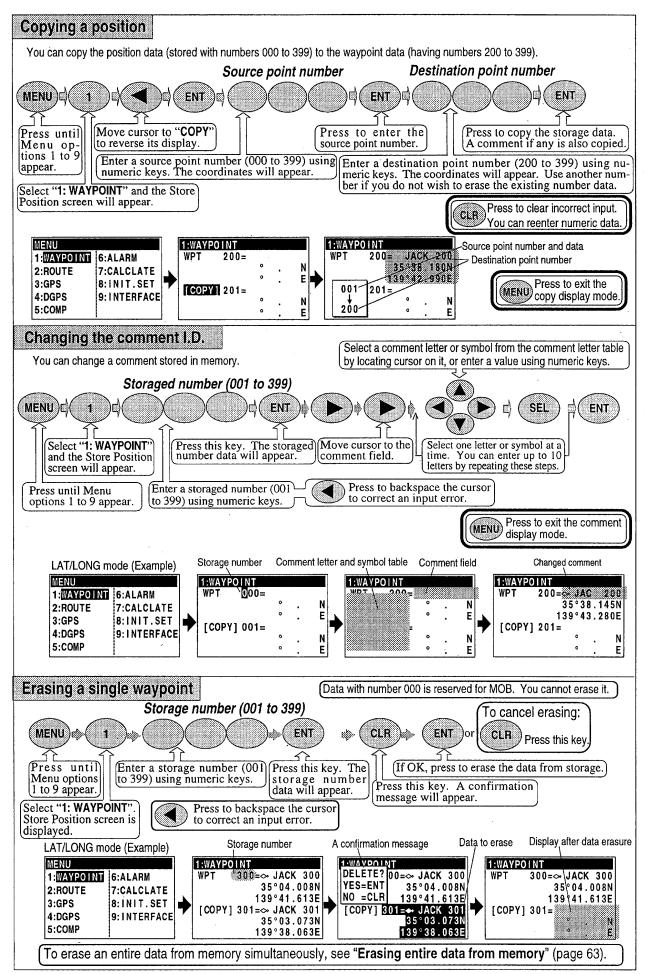


When you enter the proximity range, the course is set to the next point automatically.

Storing waypoints (LAT/LONG) data

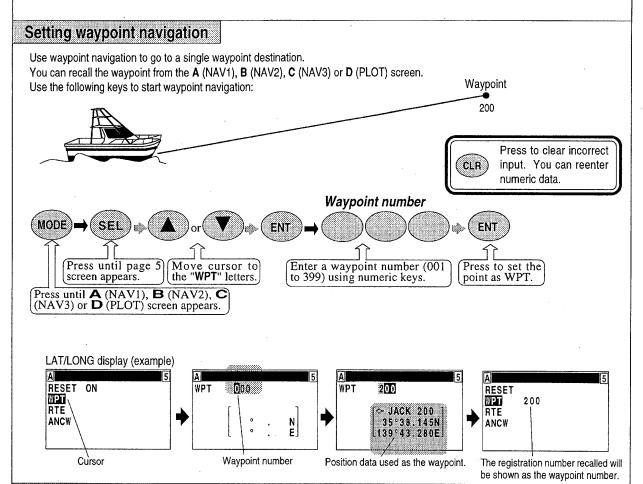


: Fish gathering place



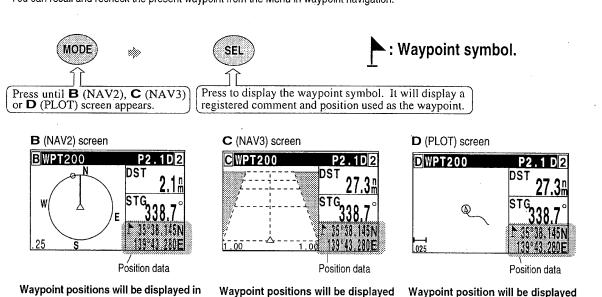
Setup of Waypoint navigation

The position data for each waypoint must be set prior to navigating to waypoints. You can use the data already stored from Menu, or you can set the waypoints on **A** (NAV1), **B** (NAV2), **C** (NAV3) or **D** (PLOT) screen (called the quick waypoint navigation).



Recalling a waypoint

You can recall and recheck the present waypoint from the Menu in waypoint navigation.



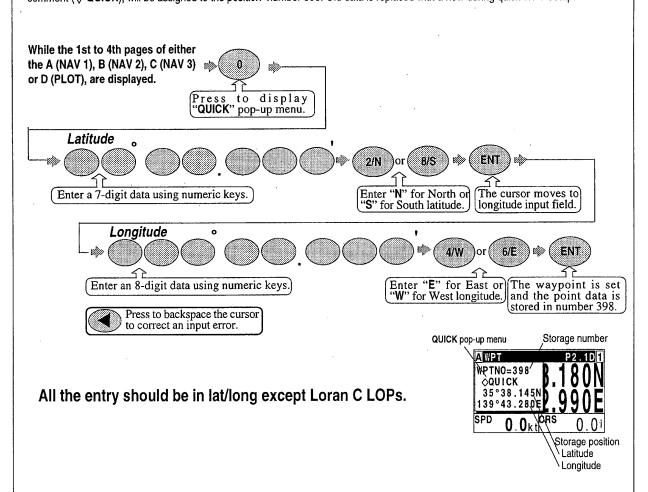
in the 2nd, 3rd and 4th pages.

in the 2nd page.

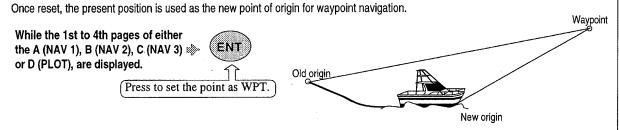
the 2nd, 3rd and 4th pages.

Quick WPT setup

Quick WPT (first priority waypoint) can be set by specifying it directly either from the **A** (NAV 1), **B** (NAV 2), **C** (NAV 3) or **D** (PLOT) screen. When the new waypoint is selected, the waypoint navigation to it will commence and the specified position, along with the comment ($\langle \rangle$ QUICK), will be assigned to the position number 398. Old data is replaced with a new during quick WPT setup.

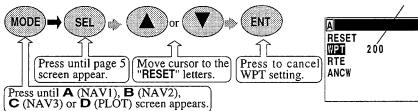




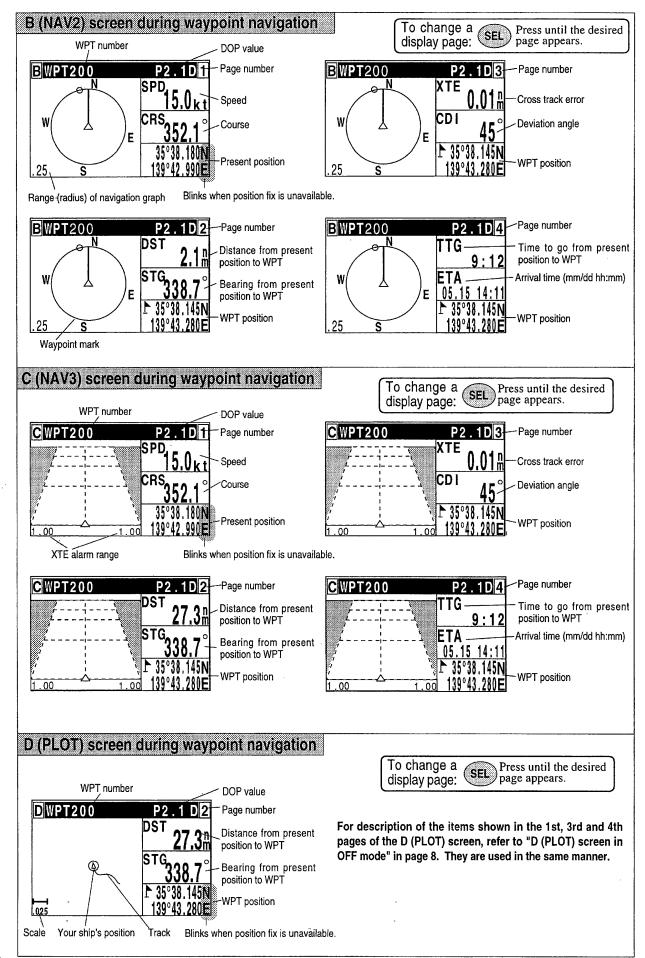


Canceling waypoint navigation

To cancel waypoint navigation, turn WPT to OFF on A (NAV1), B (NAV2), C (NAV3) or D (PLOT) screen.



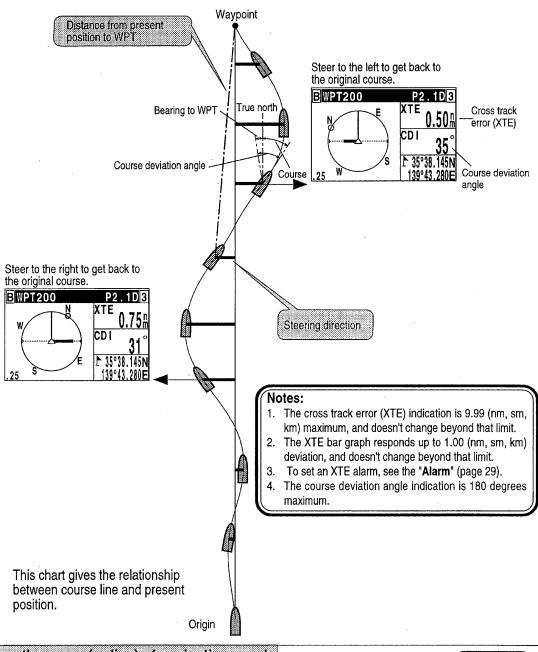
"ON" letters are displayed, and number are cleared.



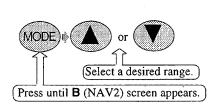
Cross track error and course deviation angle

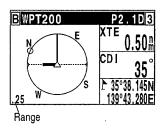
Navigation graph of B (NAV2) screen

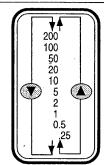
Use the navigation graph to check the distance and bearing to the waypoint. When the distance to WPT is further than the range (radius) of navigation graph, the WPT locates on the circle of navigation graph. When the distance is closer than the graph range, the WPT marking shows in the circle. The XTE bar graph and course deviation angle bar graphs appear only when the WPT is on the circle (these graphs are cleared in the short distance).



Changing the range (radius) of navigation graph



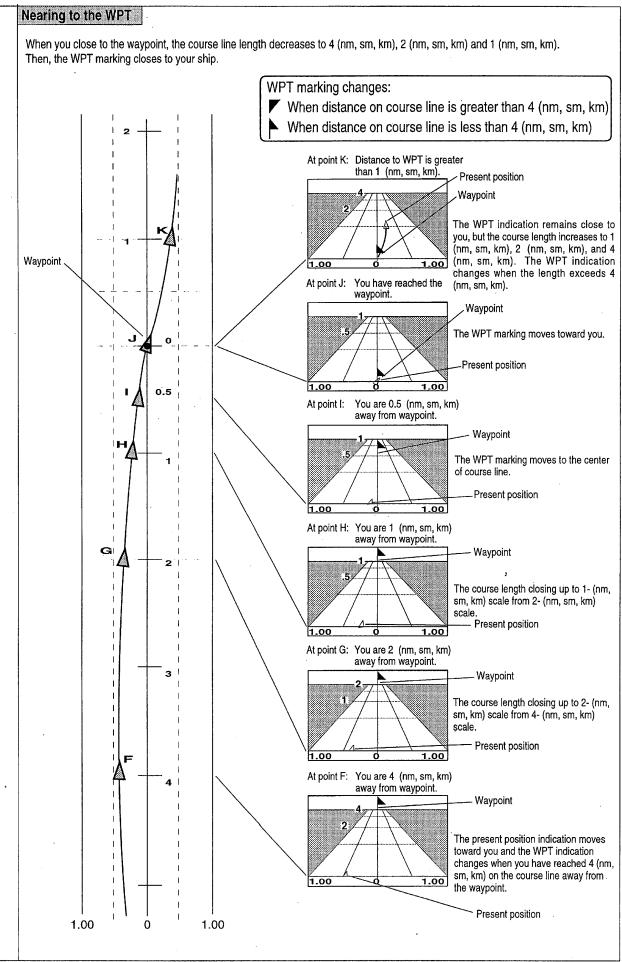




Electronic fairway (NAV3) screen

Use the three-dimensional chart for navigation on the course line. You can set a course width from Menu (6: Alarm). Symbol "h" shows the waypoint, and your ship and track are shown along the course line.

When waypoint is distant When the distance is greater than 4 (nm,sm, km), the 4-(nm,sm, km) course line is shown on the screen. When you have sailed 2 (nm,sm, km), the present position indication moves toward you and the next 4 (nm,sm, km) are shown. Waypoint² Distance on Distance to course line At point E: You are sailing outside E of course width. Present position This marking moves at the course edge. Course line length on the screen Course line Examples: The screen changes as follows when you sail along points A, B, C At point **C** At point **D** Present position Present position At point **A** At point **B** 1.00 1.00 Present position Present position You can change the XTE alarm range by "Setting and canceling an XTE alarm" (page 29 to 31).

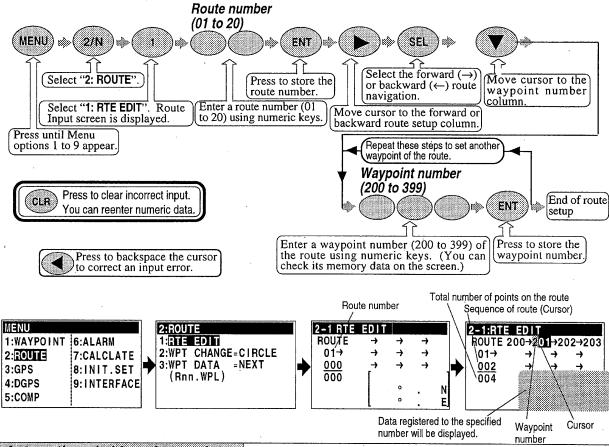


Storing and Erasing Routes

Storing your route

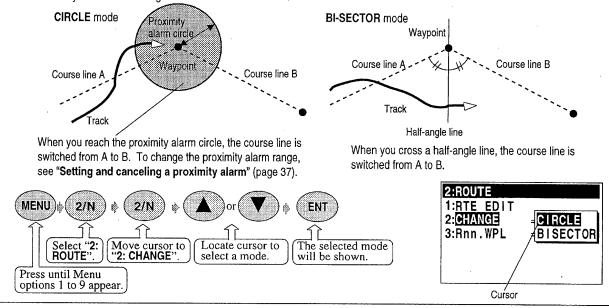
- Route can be registered up to 20 routes (01 to 20)
- Number of waypoint can be registered in total 230 points for one route. However, also note that maximum 230 waypoints can be assigned for 20 routes in total.

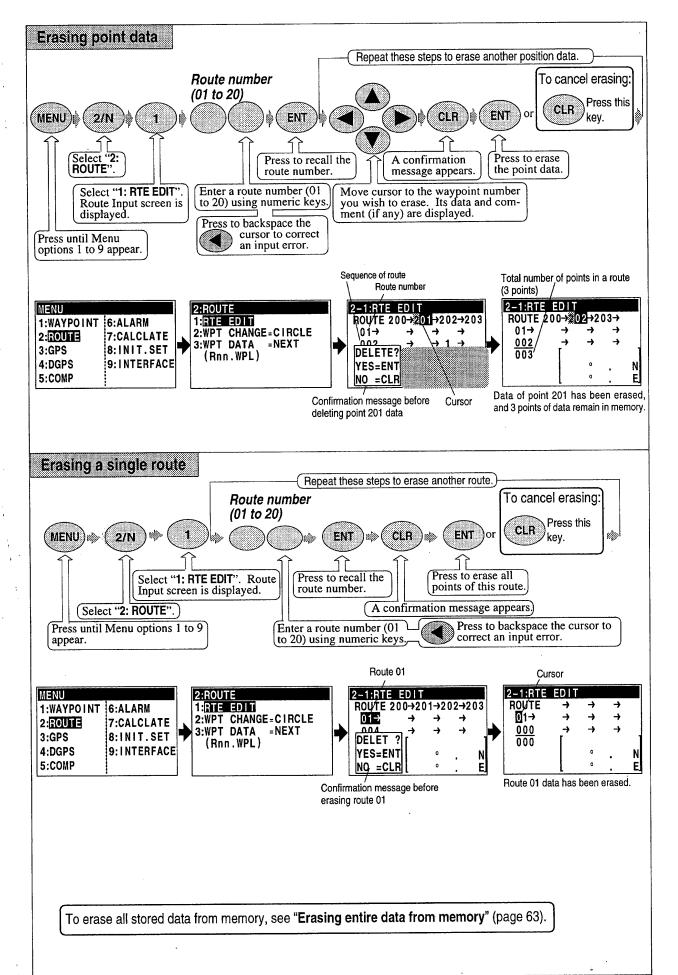
NOTE: In case you have registered 230 waypoints for one route only, you cannot register any waypoint to other routes. To store the route, you first need to register the waypoint on route in the menu, "1. WAYPOINT".



Automatic switching of waypoints

Route navigation can switch the current waypoint in two ways: switching in CIRCLE mode and switching in BI-SECTOR mode. In CIRCLE mode, the next waypoint is shown when you reach the proximity alarm circle. In BI-SECTOR mode, the next waypoint is shown when you cross a half-angle line.





Route Setup

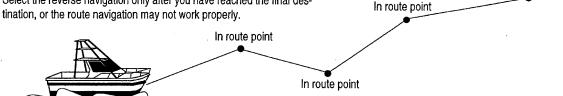
You can use up to 400 points (maximum) to go to a final destination using route navigation. You can also reverse the navigation route to return to the start point. To do so, you must first store the waypoints and route from Menu (using option 2). See "Storing waypoints (LAT/LONG)" (page 13 to 14) and "Storing and Erasing Routes" (page 21 and 22).

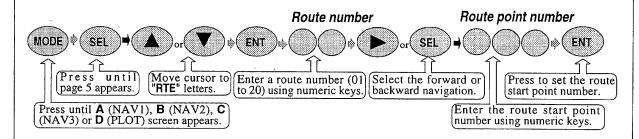
You can set the route by entering a route number, forward/backward navigation, and route start point number of the route from the A (NAV1), **B** (NAV2), **C** (NAV3) or **D** (PLOT) screen.

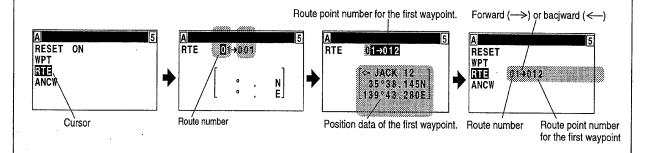
Selecting route navigation

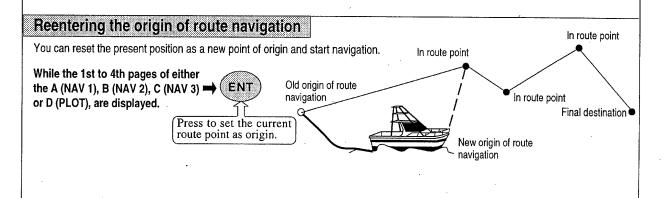
You navigate on a route, following the course line, which is automatically updated as you reach each waypoint. Use the following steps to start route navigation.

Select the reverse navigation only after you have reached the final des-

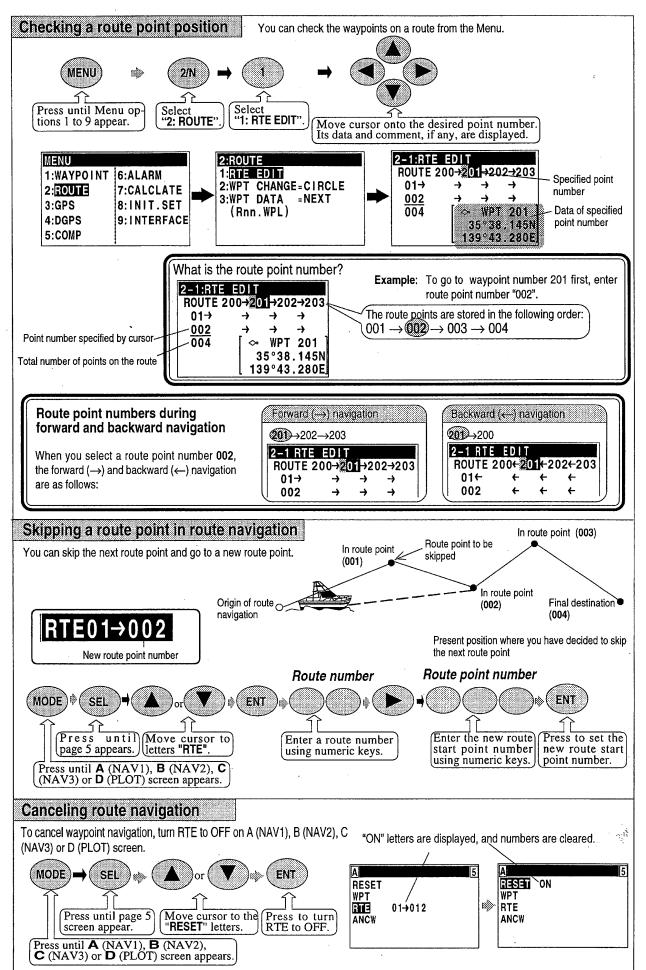


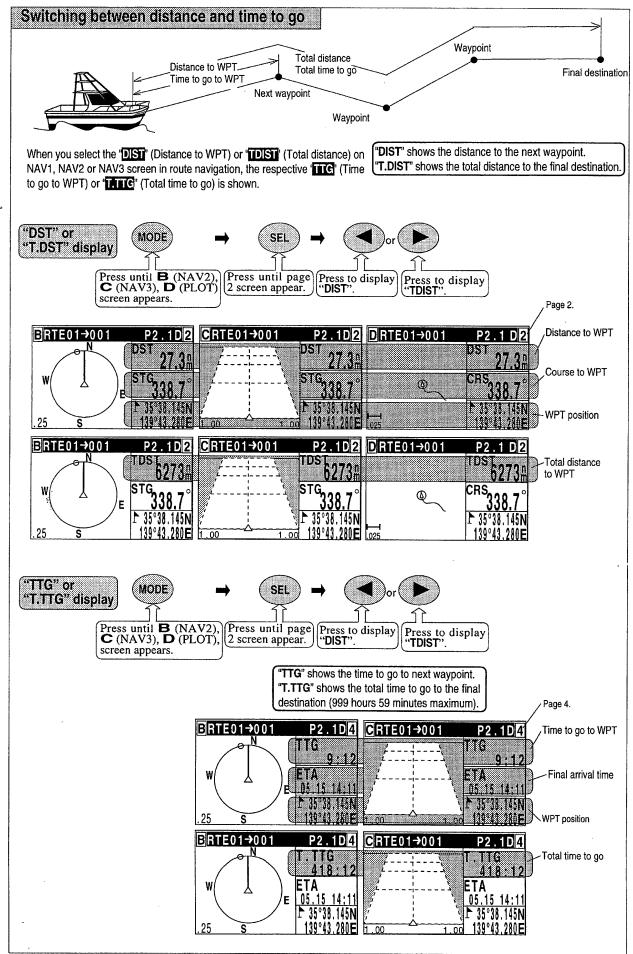


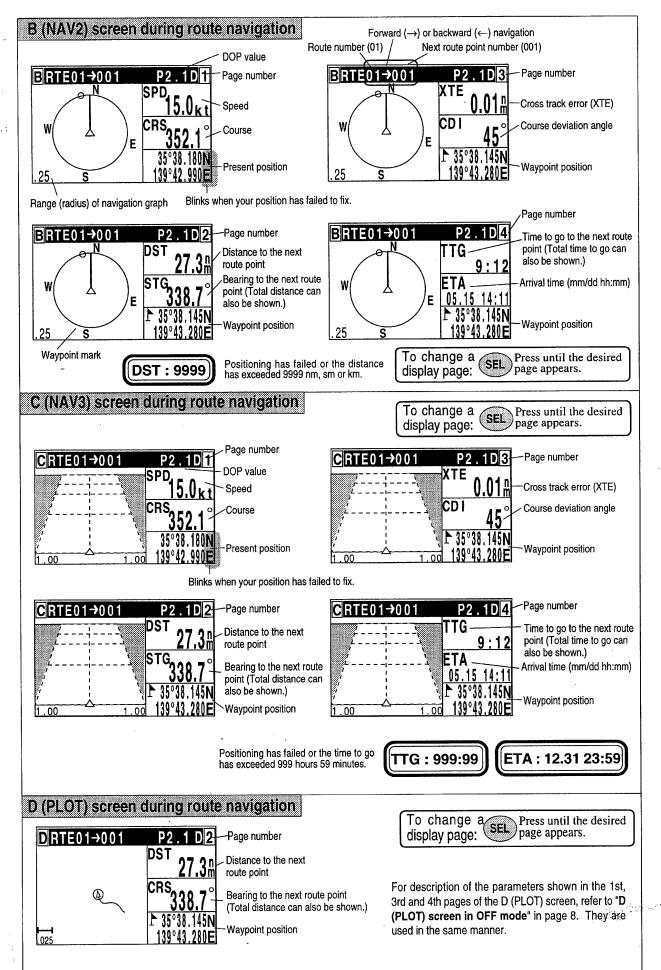




Final destination







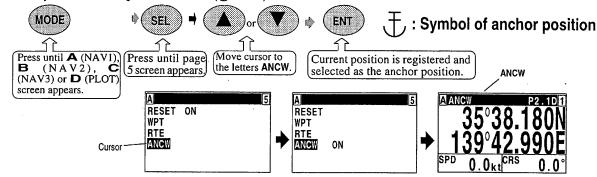
Setting an anchor position

After arriving at your destination, it is possible to drift from the anchor position due to a tide or wind. Once the anchor position is stored in memory, it is easy to check the distance and bearing moved from the anchor position.

Storing an anchor position

You can set the anchor position from the A (NAV1), B (NAV2), C (NAV3) or D (PLOT) screen.

The following operations allow you to store and specify the current position as the anchor position. The anchor position is registered to memory number 397 along with the comment (\oplus ANCW).



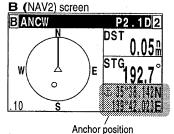
Recalling the anchor position

You can check the anchor position on any of A (NAV1), B (NAV2), C (NAV3) and D (PLOT) screens during anchoring.

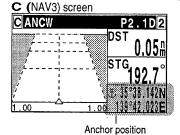


Press until **A** (NAVI), **B** (NAV2), **C** (NAV3) or **D** (PLOT) screen appears. Press to display anchor position data. The anchor position and comment "

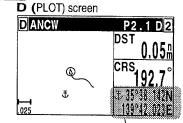
ANCW" are displayed.



Anchor positions will be displayed in the 2nd, 3rd and 4th pages.



Anchor positions will be displayed in the 2nd, 3rd and 4th pages.



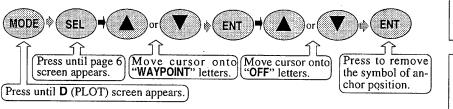
Anchor position

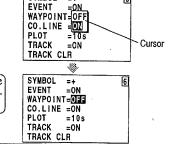
Anchor position will be displayed in the 2nd page.

SYMBOL

Removing the anchor position symbol on PLOT screen

You can remove the anchor position as a symbol on the PLOT screen.



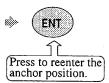


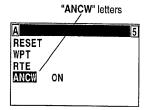
6

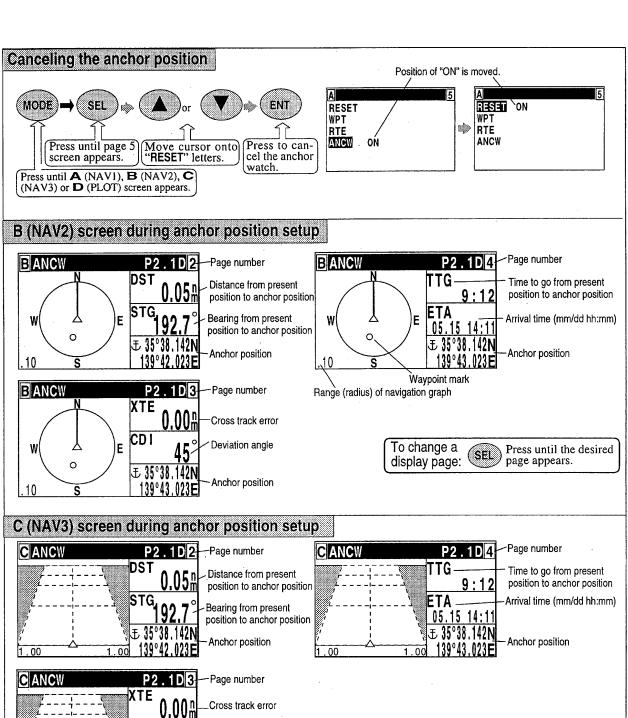
Reentering an anchor position

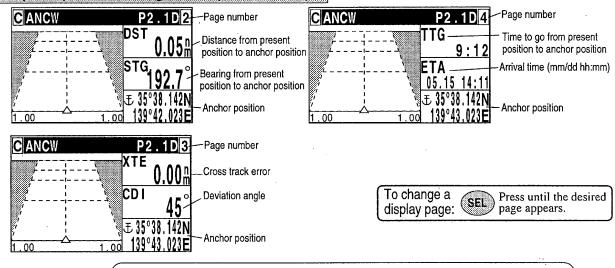
You can reenter a new anchor position and start to calculate navigation.

While the 1st to 4th pages of either the A (NAV 1), B (NAV 2), C (NAV 3) or D (PLOT), are displayed.

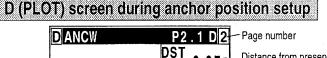


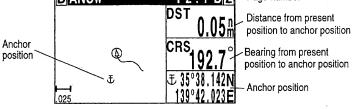






The 3D PLOT screen shows the distance, bearing, cross track error (XTE), and course deviation angle to the waypoint. Your boat icon does not move in the ANCW mode.





For description of the parameters shown in the 1st, 3rd and 4th pages of the D (PLOT) screen, refer to "D (PLOT) screen in OFF mode" in page 8. They are used in the same manner.

To change a Press until the desired SEL display page: page appears.

Alarms

Kinds of alarm

What is a GPS fix alarm?

Initial setup: OFF

GPS fix alarm warns you of poor GPS positioning data by blinking N/S and E/W (or S1 and S2 in the LOP display).

What is a DGPS fix alarm?

Initial setup: OFF

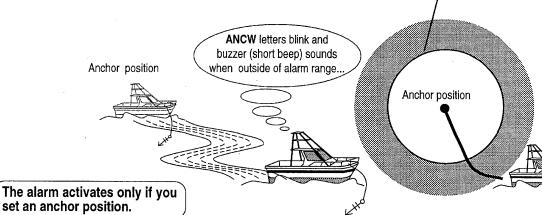
DGPS fix alarm warns you of poor DGPS positioning data by blinking the letter D.

What is an anchor watch alarm?

Initial setup: OFF, 1.00 Enter an alarm range: 0.00 to 9.99

An anchor watch alarm can alert you if your boat drifts a set distance from where it is activated. This alarm function will not work if the alarm range is set to "0.00".

Preset anchor watch alarm range

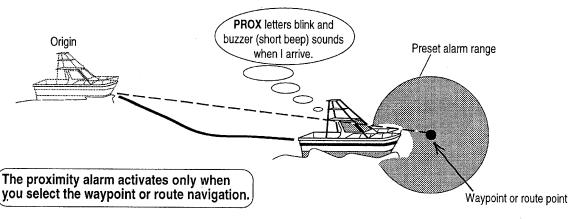


What is a proximity alarm?

Initial setup: ON, 1.00 Enter an alarm range: 0.00 to 9.99

A proximity alarm alerts you when you arrive to within a preset distance to a waypoint.

The proximity alarm will not work if the alarm range is set to "0.00". Note: you will automatically advance to the next waypoint at the alarm range if you have selected the CIRCLE mode of route navigation by "Automatic switching of waypoints" (page 25).



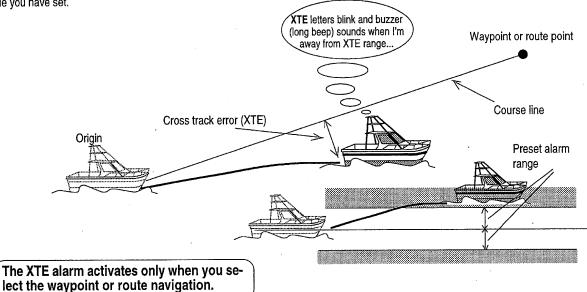
What is an XTE (course deviation)?

Initial setup: ON, 1.00

Enter an alarm range: 0.00 to 9.99

The cross track error (XTE) alarm alerts you when you have deviated from your course line by a predetermined distance.

The alarm function does not work if the alarm range is set to '0.00'. The course width shown on NAV3 screen is the same as the XTE alarm value you have set.

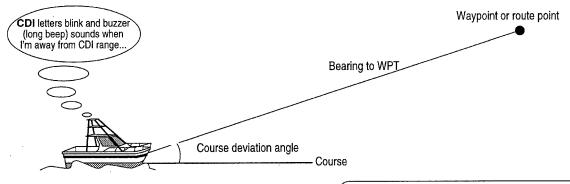


What is a CDI (course deviation angle)?

Initial setup: ON, 45 degrees

Enter an alarm range: 00 to 99 degrees

The CDI alarm alerts you when you deviate from your course to steer by a predetermined margin. The alarm function does not work if the alarm range is set to 1001.



The CDI alarm activates only when you select the waypoint or route navigation.

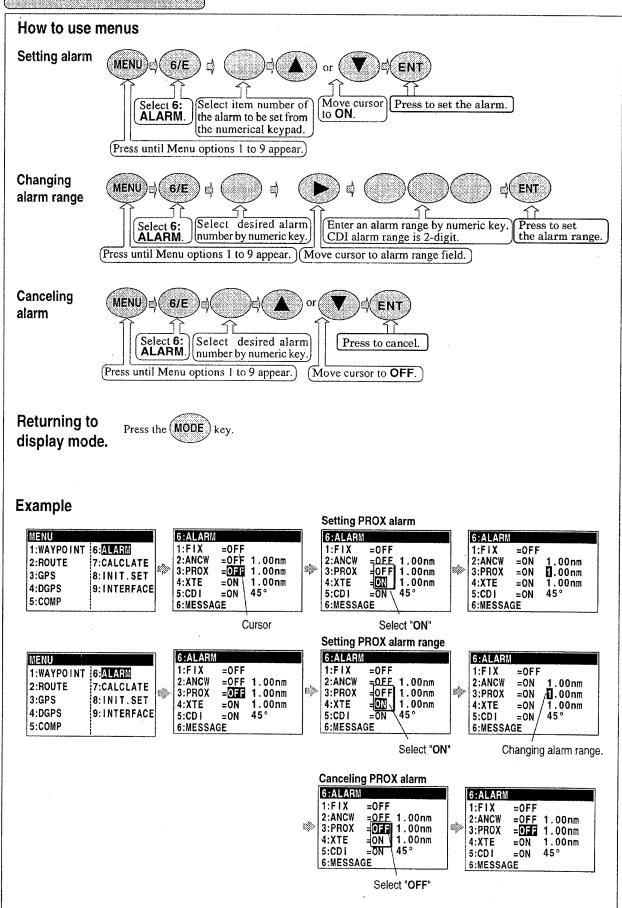
Alarm explanation

Reason for alarm notification is displayed similar to example shown.

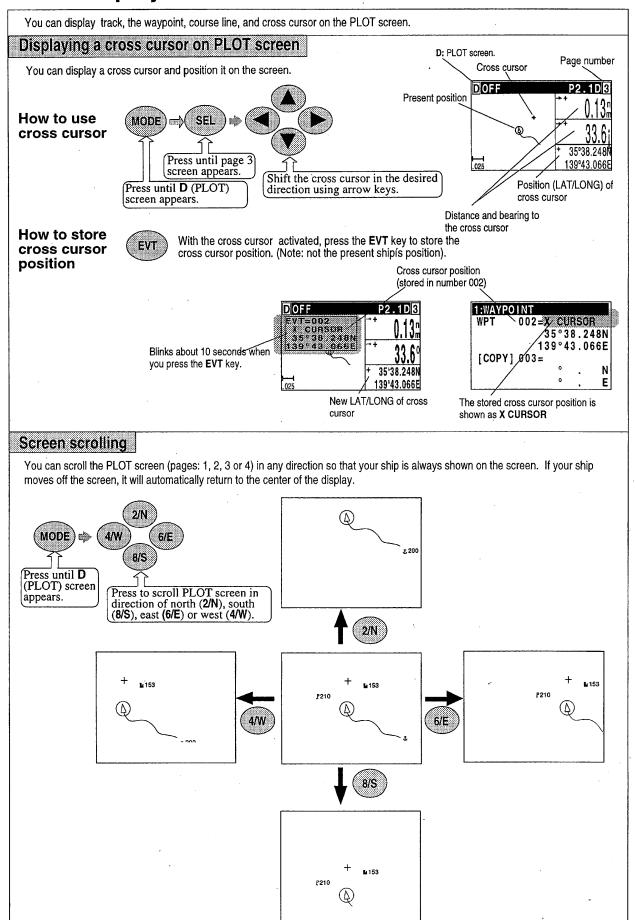
6-6:ALARM

GPS NO FIX
DGPS NO FIX
PROXIMITY ALM ERR
ANCHOR WATCH ALM ERR
CROSS TRACK ERR(XTE)
COURSE DEVIATION ERR

Setting and canceling



Track Display



Scaling the PLOT screen

Initial scale: 0.025

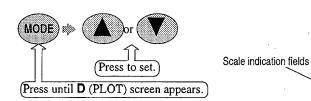
DOFF

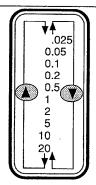
P2.1D1

35°38.180N

SPD

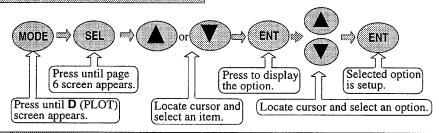
You can select a display scale of PLOT (pages: 1, 2, 4) screen.

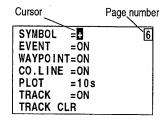




You can change the scale unit from Menu 2: UNIT (nm) of 8: INITIAL options.

Changing the setup contents





Changing the event symbol

To change the event symbol, place cursor on SYMBOL option and press ENT key.



Activating event numbers (000 to 199)

Initial setup: On

Turn ON the EVENT option and you can save events (the present position marking) into memory numbers (000 to 199).

Activating event numbers (200 to 399)

Initial setup: On

Turn ON the WAYPOINT option and save events (the present position marking) into memory numbers (200 to 399).

On/off of course line (dotted lines)

Initial setup: On

During waypoint or route navigation, you can display or clear the course line from your present position to the waypoint.

Adjusting the track recording interval

Initial setup: 10 s (seconds)

To adjust the track recording interval (time or distance interval), locate cursor on PLOT option, and press ENT key. You can set the unit of track distance interval from the Menu 2: UNIT (DST) of 8 INITIAL.

10/20/30s 1/3/5min .1/.5/1nm

Turning tracking off

Initial setup: On

Set the "TRACK" option to OFF to stop recording the track on PLOT screen. Your present position marking moves on the screen. Set the "TRACK" option to ON to record the track on PLOT screen.

Erasing the track

If you press the CLR key when the cursor is positioned at TRACK CLR, a confirming message (DELETE?) will appear. Press the ENT key to delete every track line currently displayed on the plotter screen.

DELETE? YES=ENT NO =CLR

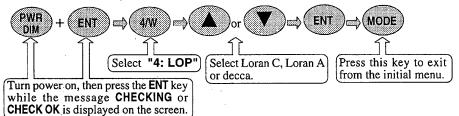
How to use LOPs

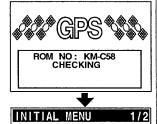
Initial Setup for LOPs Display

Measured longitude and latitude can be translated into loran C, loran A or decca LOPs mode. To turn on the LOPs mode, the following initial setup is required.

Selecting LOP (Loran C, Loran A or Decca)

Note: If the power is already ON, turn it OFF and turn it ON again.





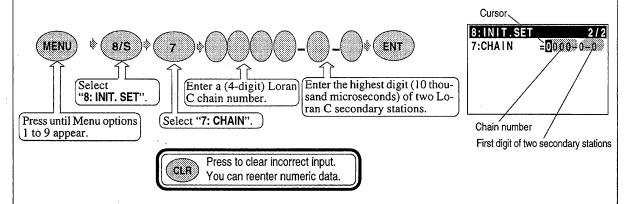
INITIAL MENU 1/2
1:INITIAL MENU 1/2
2:LANGUAGE = ENGLISH
3:WPT.RTE CLEAR
4:LOP = LORAN C
5:EVENT = AUTO
[MODE KEY TO EXIT]

Setting the chain and secondary stations to be displayed

Select the chain and secondary stations to be displayed. Settings depend on the LOPs mode to be used as described below.

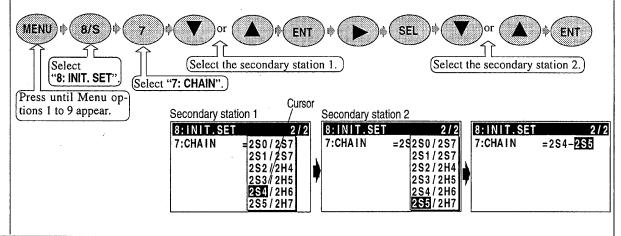
Setting chain and secondary stations in Loran C LOPs mode

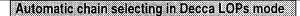
You can convert your GPS present position and stored memory data (waypoints and events) from LAT/LONG into Loran C LOPs.



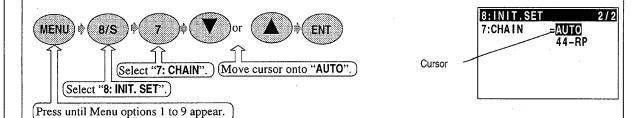
Specifying combinations of secondary stations in Loran A LOPs mode

You can convert your present position given by GPS and stored position data (waypoints and event data) from LAT/LONG into Loran A LOPs.



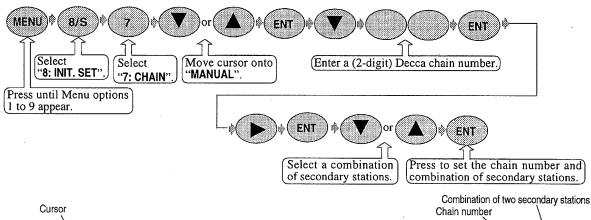


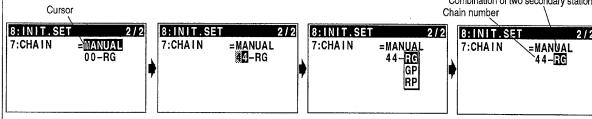
You can convert your GPS present position and stored position memory (waypoints and event data) from LAT/LONG into Decca LOPs by automatic selection of Decca chain.



Manual chain selecting in Decca LOPs mode

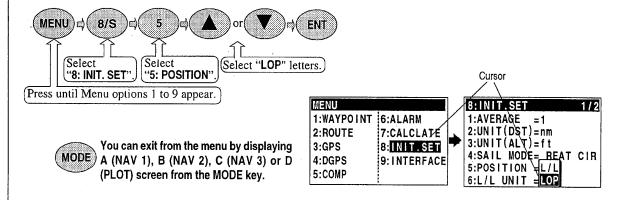
You can convert both your present position given by GPS and stored position data (waypoints and event data) from LAT/LONG into Decca LOPs.





Registering a position in LOPs

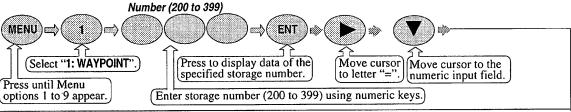
Following describes the procedure for replacing LAT/LONG display with LOP and registering a position in LOP.

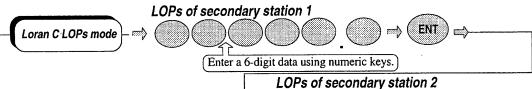


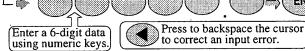
Storing waypoints (LOPs data)

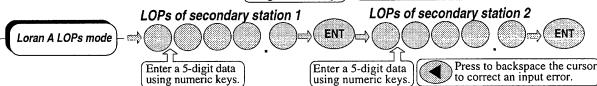
Storing a new position or updating an existing one

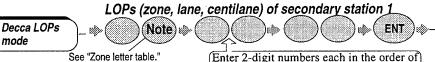
Up to 200 waypoints can be stored in memory. As 200 points (numbers 000 and 199) are reserved for MOB and event registration, you can use 200 to 399 (total of 200 points) to store waypoints.











Enter 2-digit numbers each in the order of zone, lane, centilane using numeric keys.

Lane data varies depending on the secondary station. Red station: 00 to 23 Green station: 30 to 47 Purple station: 50 to 79

Lane

7one

LOPs (zone,	lane, centilane) of secondary station	n 2
Note		ENT
See "Zone letter table."		

Enter 2-digit numbers each in the order of zone, lane, centilane using numeric keys.

Press to backspace the cursor to correct an input error.

Code

No

	1:WAY	POINT				
	WDT		0=🚕 .	Jack	<u>_2</u> 00	
	A-U	G-6	OΑ	:00:	00	
	C-2	H-7	ĐΑ	:00:	00	
	C-2	1_80	1=			
	D-3	1-0	DA	:00:	00	
J	4	0-9	OA	:00	00	
•			6480	200	ະພາ⊵∩ລ	ni

Zone letter table

	No.	Code
EUROPE		
South Baltic	00	0A
Vestlandet	01	0E
Southwest British	02	1B
Northumbrian	03	2A
Holland	04	2E
North British	05	3B
Lofoten	06	3E
German	07	3F
North Baltic	08	4B
Northwest Spanish	09	4C
Trondelag	10	4E
English	11	5B
North Bothnian	12	5F
South Spanish	13	6A
North Scottish	14	6C
Gulf of Finland	15	6E
Danish	16	7B

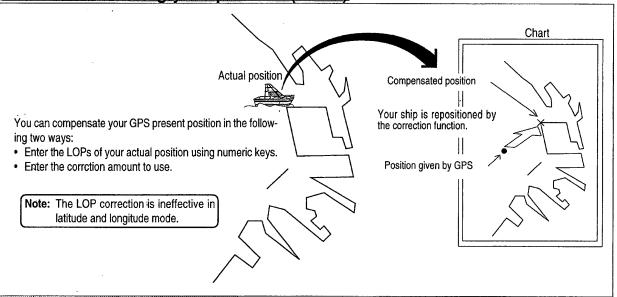
	190.	Coue
Irish	17	7D
Finnmark	18	7E
French	19	8B
South Bothnian	20	8C
Hebridean	21	8E
Frisian Islands	22	9B
Helgeland	23	9E
Skagerrak	24	10B
PERSIAN GULF		
North Persian	25	5C
South Persian	26	1C
INDIAN OCEAN		
Bombay	27	7B
Calcutta	28	8B
Bangladesh	29	6C
JAPAN		
Hokkaido	30	9C
Marth Kunabu	32	7C
North Kyushu	32	

No.	Code
33	4A
34	6A
35	8A
STRALI	A
36	8E
37	4A
38	9C
39	2C
40	6B
41	7C
42	2F
44	9C
45	10C
	33 34 35 STRAL 36 37 38 39 40 41

For the following operations, refer to the "Storing waypoints (LAT/LONG) data"

- "Registering additional comments" (see page 13).
- "Copying a position" (see page 14)
 "Changing the comment I.D." (see page 14)
- "Erasing a single waypoint" (see page 14)

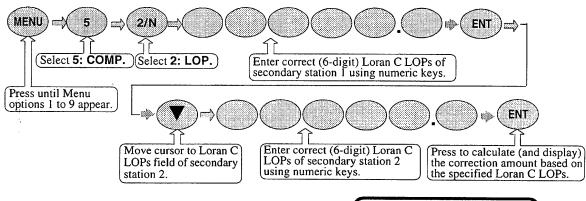
Menu 5: Correcting your position (LOPs)

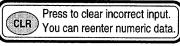


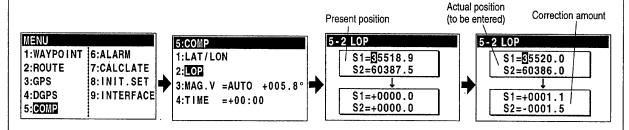
Direct entry of actual position data

Correction by Loran C LOPs data entry

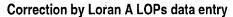
When your position is indicated in Loran C LOPs mode, you can correct it by entering the Loran C LOPs correction amount.



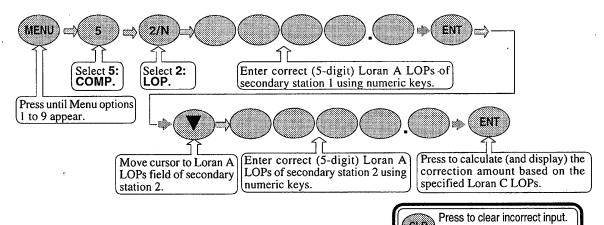




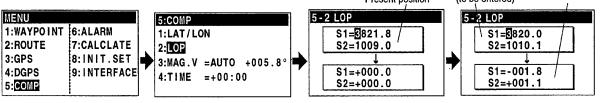
Present position (GPS fix)	Actual position (to be entered)	Correction amount	
Secondary station 1 35518.9 µsec	Secondary station 1 35520.0 µsec	Secondary station 1 +0001.1 µsec	
Secondary station 2 60387.5 µsec	Secondary station 2 60386.0 µsec	Secondary station 2 -0001.5 µsec	



When your position is indicated in Loran A LOPs mode, you can correct it by entering the Loran A LOPs correction amount.



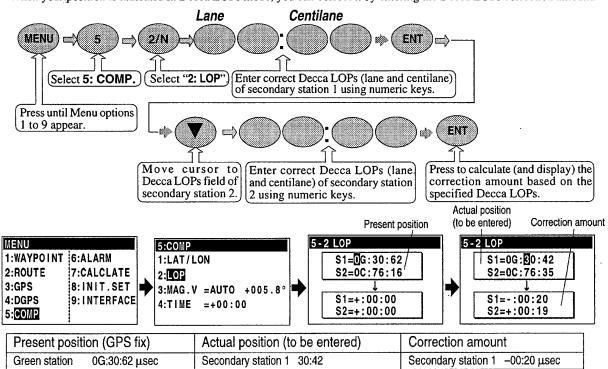
You can reenter numeric data Actual position Correction amount Present position (to be entered)

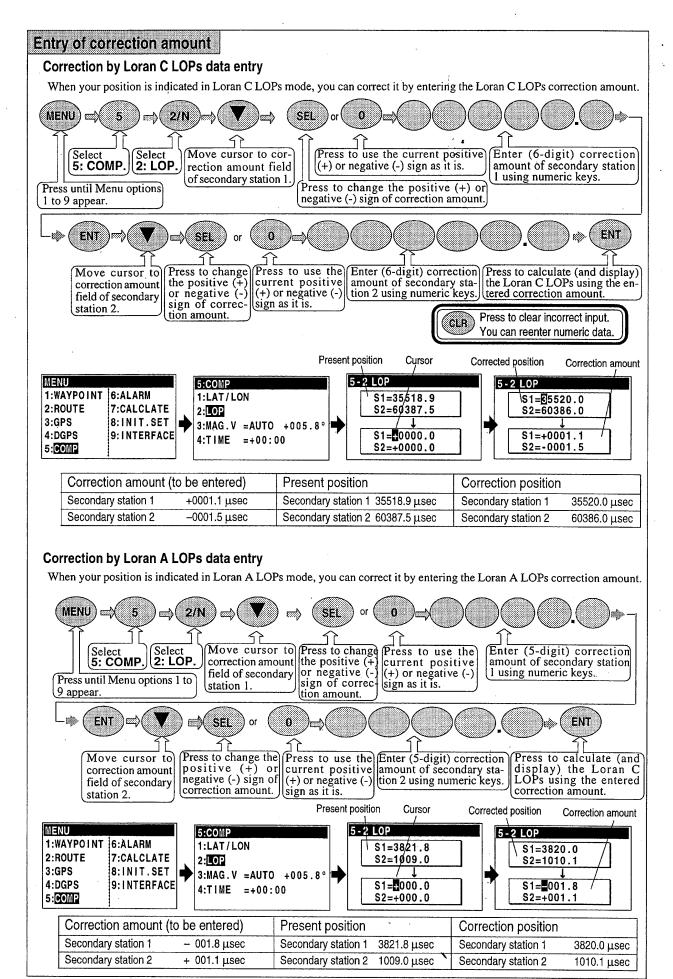


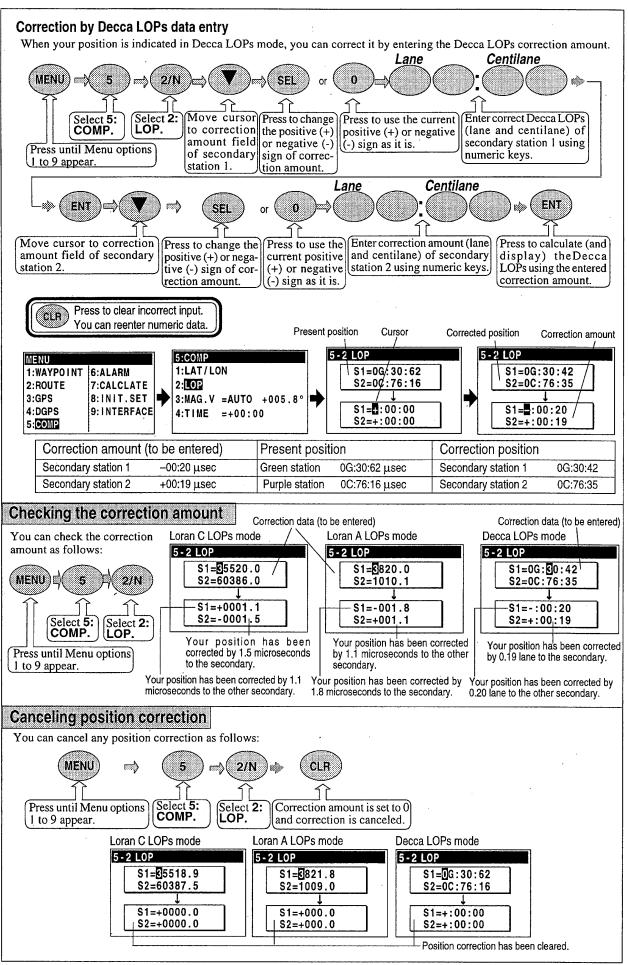
Present position (GPS fix)	Actual position (to be entered)	Correction amount
Secondary station 1 3821.8 msec	Secondary station 1 3820.0 msec	Secondary station 1 - 001.8 msec
Secondary station 2 1009.0 msec	Secondary station 2 1010.0 msec	Secondary station 2 +001.1 msec

Correction by Decca LOPs data entry

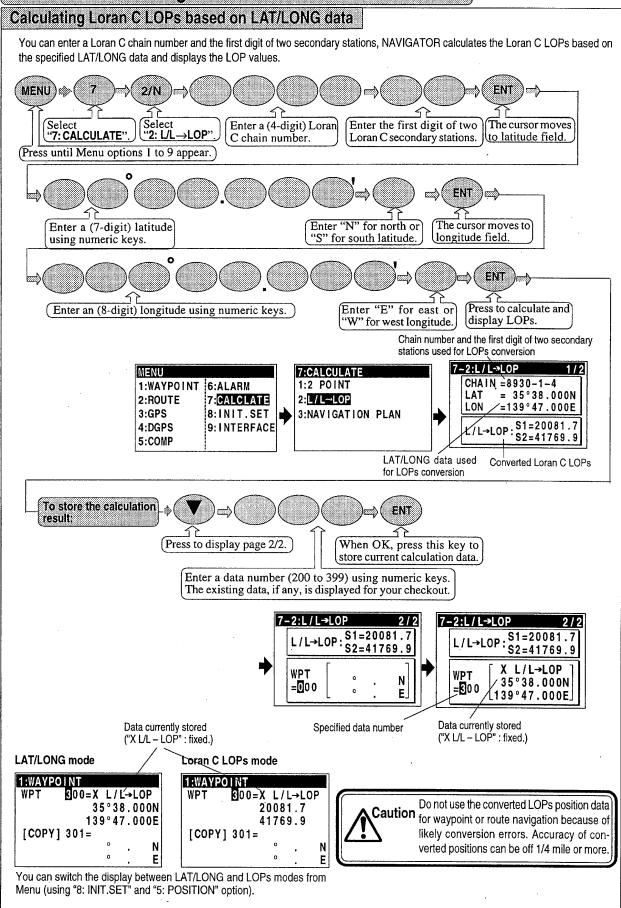
When your position is indicated in Decca LOPs mode, you can correct it by entering the Decca LOPs correction amount.

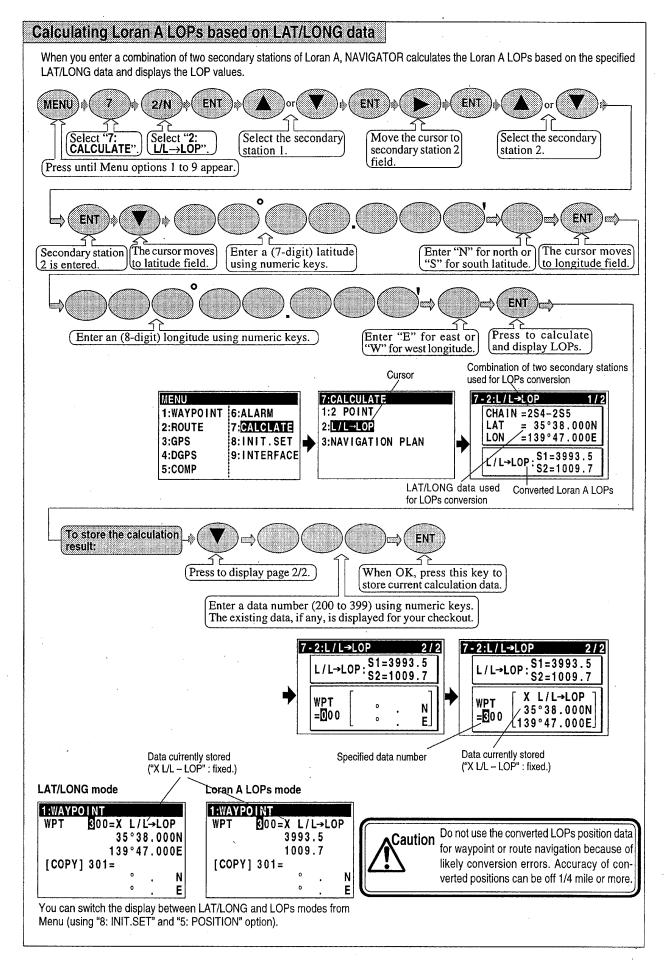


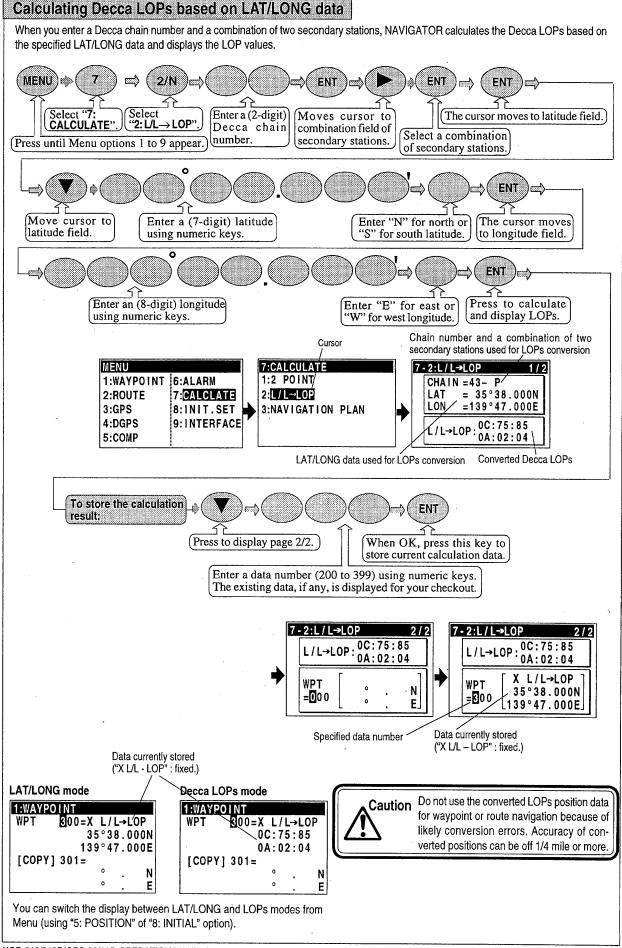




Menu 7: Calculating LOPs based on LAT/LONG data

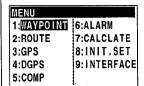


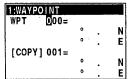




Setup Procedure

Menu options





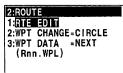
1. Waypoints

Store, edit, copy and erase waypoints (see pages 12 to 14 and 35 to 36).



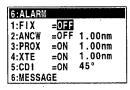
5. Corrections.

Position correction (LAT/LONG, LOPs) Compass correction Time difference



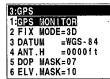
2. Route

(See pages 21 to 24, and 62.) Store and erase a route. Forward/backward navigation selection Automatic route switching Waypoint data switching



6. Alarm (See pages 29 to 31)

GPS fix alarm, DGPS fix alarm Anchor watch alarm Proximity alarm XTE alarm CDI alarm Alarm messsage



3. GPS

Display GPS satellite status. Switch (2- and 3-dimensional) positioning modes.

Select datum.

Set antenna height (above sea level). See DOP value to limit fix data Set satellite elevation angle limit.

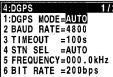


7. Calculation

Distance and bearing between two points

LAT/LONG into LOPs data conversion Calculation of estimated time length from the current position to the destination, or required speed.

GPS NAVIGATOR



4. Differential GPS (DGPS)

Select DGPS mode.
Set DGPS input baud rate.
Set DGPS timeout.
Select beacon station
Set beacon frequency



=0000-0-0

8:INIT.SET

9:INTERFACE 1:FORMAT=0183 2:0183 EDIT

7:CHAIN

8. Initial value setup

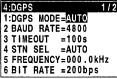
Set average constants.
Select distance/speed units.
Select antenna height (above sea level) units.
Select navigation mode.

Select navigation mode.

Select position display mode (LAT/
LONG, LOPs)

Select LAT/LONG display digits Set chain.

DGPS NAVIGATOR



Store beacon station (DGPS NAVIGATOR only selectable)

Monitor DGPS data.



9. Interfacing

Select output format (DGPS NAVIGA-TOR only selectable). Edit the output format (NMEA-0183).

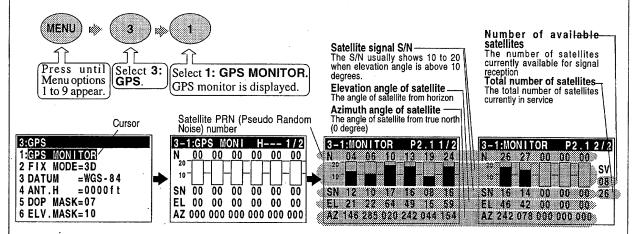


Selecting a menu option

You can select an option from Menu in two ways: by direct numeric key entry and by cursor shifting. This manual explains how to enter numeric values for easy understanding, but you can also use the cursor for option selection.

Monitoring GPS satellite signal reception

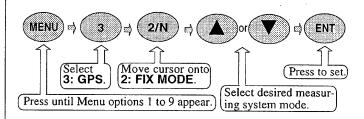
You can monitor the signal status from GPS satellites. The signals from 3 satellites are used for two-dimensional positioning, but signals from 4 or more satellites are required for three-dimensional positioning.

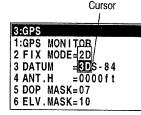


Selecting a measuring system mode

Initial setup: 3D

If altitude is not required such as a ship on the sea, use the **2D** (two-dimensional measurement) mode to keep low DOP value. Low DOP equals greater accuracy. If you cannot receive signals from four satellites or if the PDOP value exceeds the limit, the **3D** (three-dimensional measurement) mode is automatically switched to the **2D** mode.

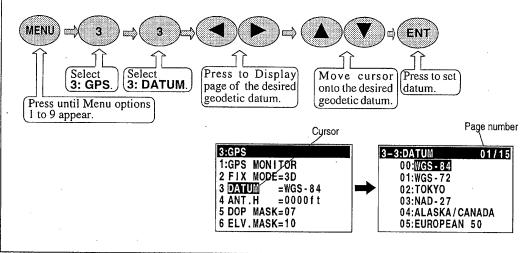




Selecting a geodetic datum

Initial setup: WGS-84

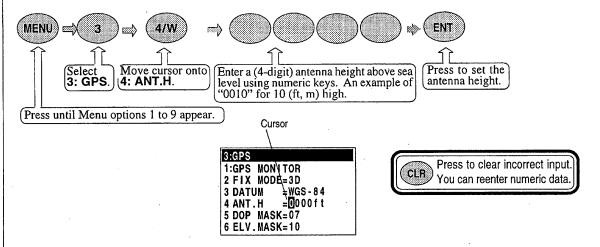
The latitude and longitude are calculated based on the WGS-84 with GPS system. However, the charts used in many countries are based on different geodetic datums. You can compensate this difference from your chart by converting GPS position data into your actual chart system. To select a geodetic datum, see "Local Geodetic System" (page 74).



Setting antenna height (above sea level)

Initial height: 0

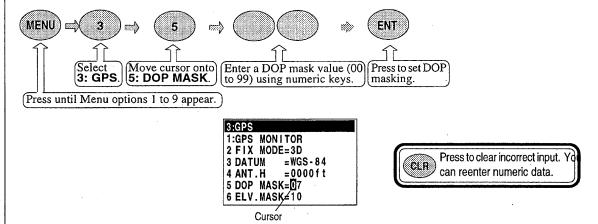
In case of 2D mode, the antenna height from sea level must be entered within 5 meters or 16 3/8 feet in accuracy. If failed, the positioning accuracy may be worsened. The data can be set in either metric or imperial system. For detail, refer to the setting procedure "Menu 8, Changing the antenna height", on page 60 in this manual.



Masking DOP

Initial setup: 07

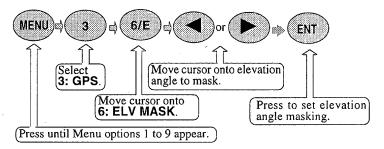
You can set a DOP mask value in two-dimensional positioning to minimize the position fluctuation. When the HDOP value exceeds this limit, positioning is stopped. During three-dimensional positioning, you can set a PDOP mask value. When a satellite combination exceeds this limit, two-dimensional positioning is selected automatically.

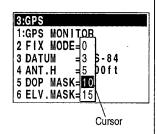


Masking satellite elevation angle

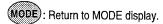
Initial setup: 10 degrees

When the satellite is below 5 degrees above the horizon, signal reflection and interference can cause erroneous positioning. You can improve the positioning accuracy by masking the elevation angle. However, a large mask value shortens the signal receive time and most satellite combinations are rejected.





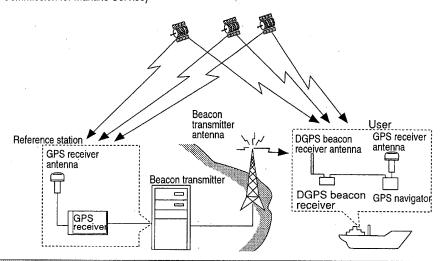
Menu 4: GPS NAVIGATOR



What is the differential GPS (DGPS)?

This DGPS system can improve the GPS positioning accuracy, but only near the coast. DGPS positioning requires an optional differential beacon receiver, connected to a GPS navigator.

The on-shore reference station (existing radio beacon station) receives the position data (measured by the GPS). The station has also its known position data. The reference station calculates the measuring error based on these data, and generates the correction data. The station sends the correction data (RTCM SC-104) using beacon transmitter, and your NAVIGATOR receives it using beacon receiver. The NAVIGATOR can eliminate the positioning error and can improve the positioning accuracy. This accuracy is high when you are close to the reference station. Generally, the DGPS system can be used within 100 to 200 nautical miles from the reference station. (RTCM: Radio Technical Commission for Maritine Service)

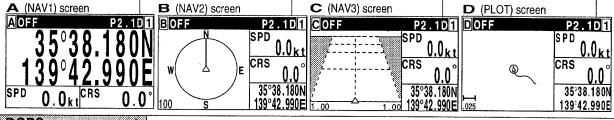


Displaying differential GPS (DGPS)

When the DGPS is set, the DGPS positioning status is displayed with letters **D** on **A** (NAV1), **B** (NAV2), **C** (NAV3), **D** (PLOT) screen.

DGPS mode indication

On: DGPS positioning in progress Blinks: Unsuccessful DGPS positioning Off: Canceled DGPS positioning



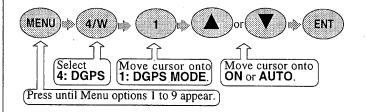
DGPS measurement

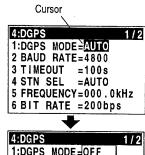
OFF: Normal GPS positioning takes place. D letter is not shown.

ON: DGPS correction takes place only. D letter continues during DGPS correction.

AUTO: DGPS correction takes place when DGPS correction data is received.

When no data is received, the normal GPS positioning is automatically changing from DGPS positioning.





Initial setup: OFF

4:DGPS 1/2

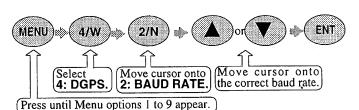
1:DGPS MODE=OFF
2 BAUD RATE=ON
3 TIMEOUT =AUTO
4 STN SEL =AUTO
5 FREQUENCY=000.0kHz
6 BIT RATE =200bps



Initial setup: 4800 bps

Cursor

Adjust the baud rate of RTCM SC-104 format signal reception to the output signal baud rate of beacon receiver.



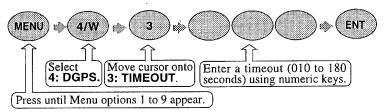
4:DGPS 1/2 1:DGPS MODE AUTO 2 BAUD RATE = 4800 3 TIMEOUT =100s 4 STN SEL =AUTO 5 FREQUENCY=000.0kHz 6 BIT RATE =200bps

1/2 4:DGPS 1:DGPS MODE=AUTO 2 BAUD RATE=2400 3 TIMEOUT 4 STN SEL **⊨9600** 5 FREQUENCY=000.0kHz 6 BIT RATE = 200 bps

Initial time: 100 sec

Setting a DGPS timeout

If the correction data from beacon receiver is interrupted or has errors, NAVIGATOR holds the last differential correction for the duration of timeout. You can set TIMEOUT to 010 to 180 seconds. However, the position accuracy degrades as TIMEOUT lengthens.



4:DGPS 1:DGPS MODE=AUTO 2 BAUD RATE + 4800 =**1**00s 3 TIMEOUT 4 STN SEL =AUTO 5 FREQUENCY=000.0kHz 6 BIT RATE =200bps

Cursor

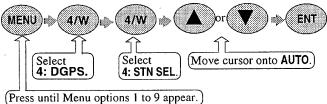
Selecting a beacon station

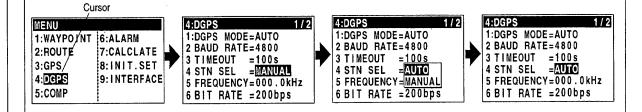
Initial timesetup: AUTO

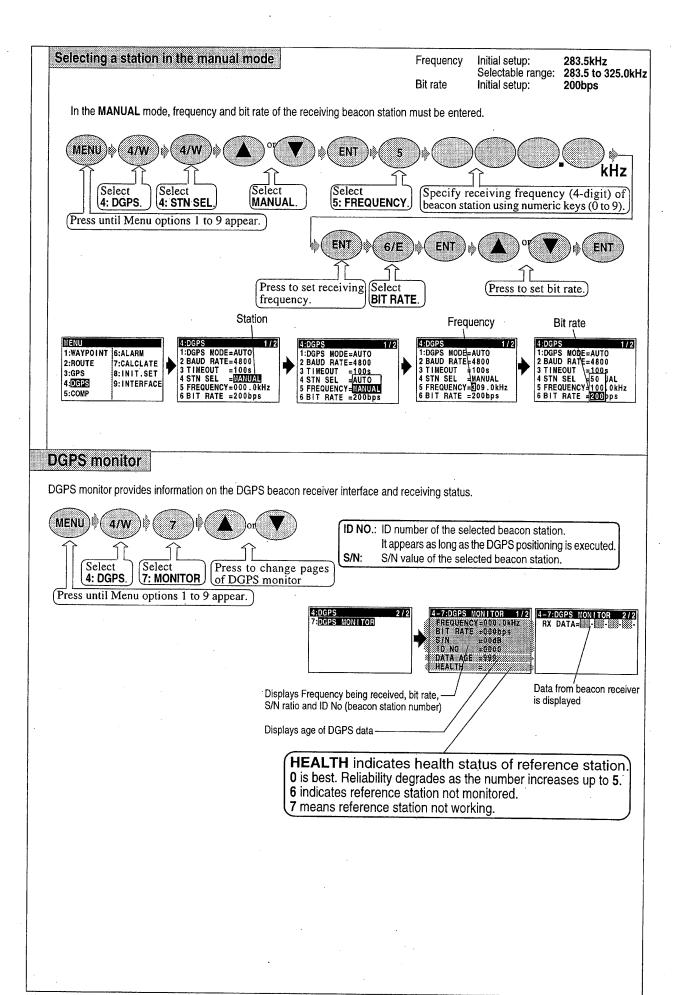
A beacon station is selectable in both the manual or auto mode.

Selecting a station in the auto mode

In the auto mode, the nearest station will be selected based on actual longitude and latitude among all the stored beacon stations.







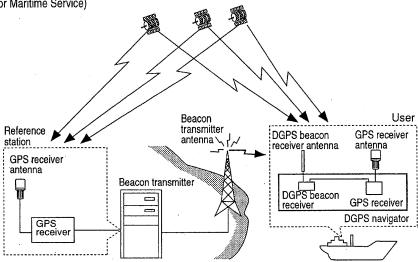
Menu 4: DGPS NAVIGATOR

What is Differential GPS (DGPS)?

This DGPS system can improve the GPS positioning accuracy, but only near the coast.

Using DGPS requires a reference station at nearby location.

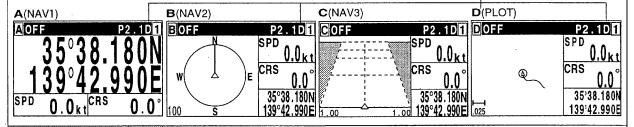
The on-shore reference station (existing radio beacon station) receives position data (measured by the GPS) and compares the known position data of the station itself, calculates the measuring error based on this data, and generates the correction information. The station sends the correction data (RTCM SC-104) using the beacon transmitter, and your NAVIGATOR receives it using the beacon receiver. The NAVIGATOR eliminates the positioning error and improves the positioning accuracy. This accuracy is high when you are close to the DGPS station. Generally, the DGPS system can be used within 100 to 200 nautical miles from the reference station. (RTCM: Radio Technical Commission for Maritime Service)



Displaying Differential GPS (DGPS)

Upon selecting the DGPS mode, the characters DGPS will appear on the A (NAV 1), B (NAV 2), C (NAV3) and D (PLOT) screens. The characters **DGPS** indicate that the DGPS positioning is in progress.

DGPS mode indication
On: DGPS positioning in progress
Blinks: Unsuccessful DGPS positioning
Off: Canceled DGPS positioning



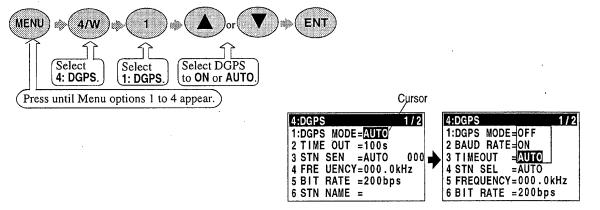
DGPS measurement

OFF: Normal GPS positioning takes place. D letter is not shown.

ON: DGPS correction only. **D** displayed during DGPS correction.

AUTO: DGPS correction takes place when DGPS correction data is received.

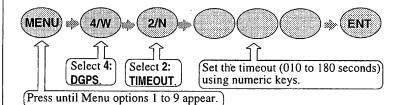
When no data is received, the normal GPS positioning is automatically changing from DGPS positioning.



Setting a DGPS timeout

Initial timesetup: 100S (sec)

If the correction data from beacon receiver is interrupted or has error, NAVIGATOR holds the last differential correction for the duration of timeout. You can set TIMEOUT to 010 to 180 seconds. However, the position accuracy degrades as TIMEOUT lengthens.



Cursor 4:DGPS 1/2 1:DGPS MODE AUTO 2 TIME OUT ₽00s 3 STN SEN =MANUAL 000 4 FRE UENCY=000.0kHz 5 BIT RATE =200bps 6 STN NAME =

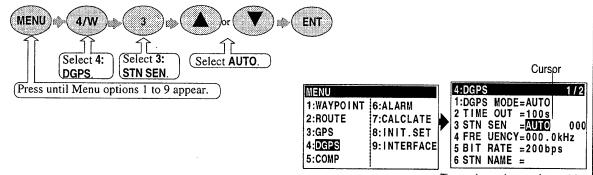
Selecting a beacon station

Initial timesetup: AUTO

A beacon station is selectable both in the manual or auto mode.

Selecting a station in the auto mode

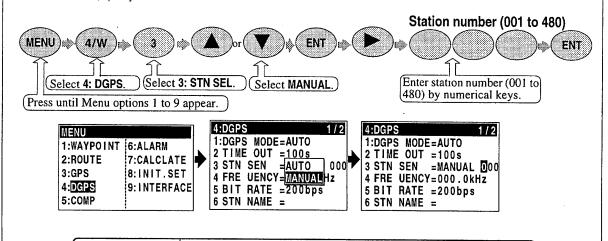
In the auto mode, the nearest station will be selected based on measured longitude and latitude among all the stored beacon stations.



The number and name of a receiving station appear

Selecting a station in the manual mode

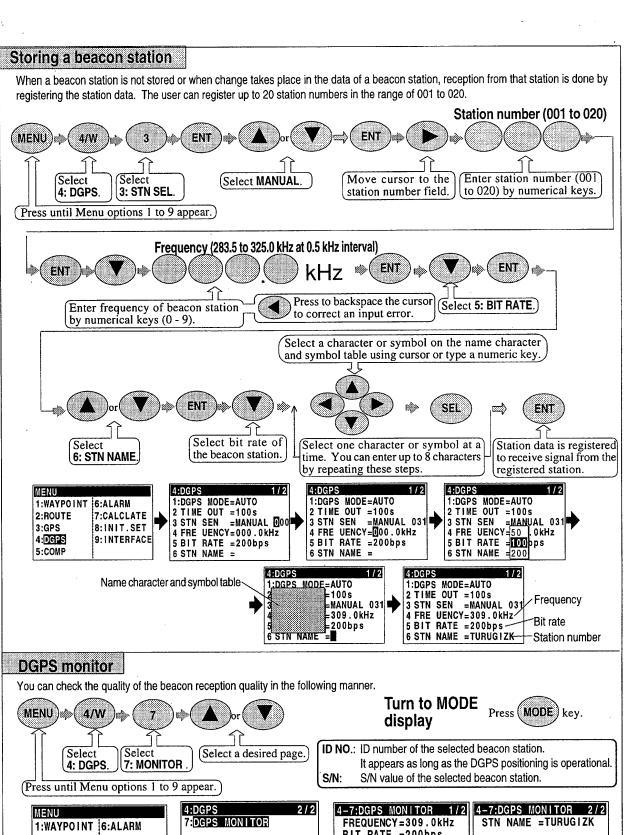
In the manual mode, specify the station number between 001 and 480.

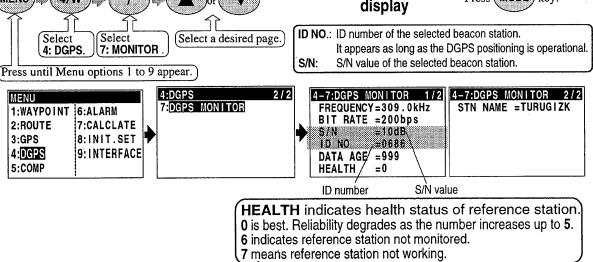


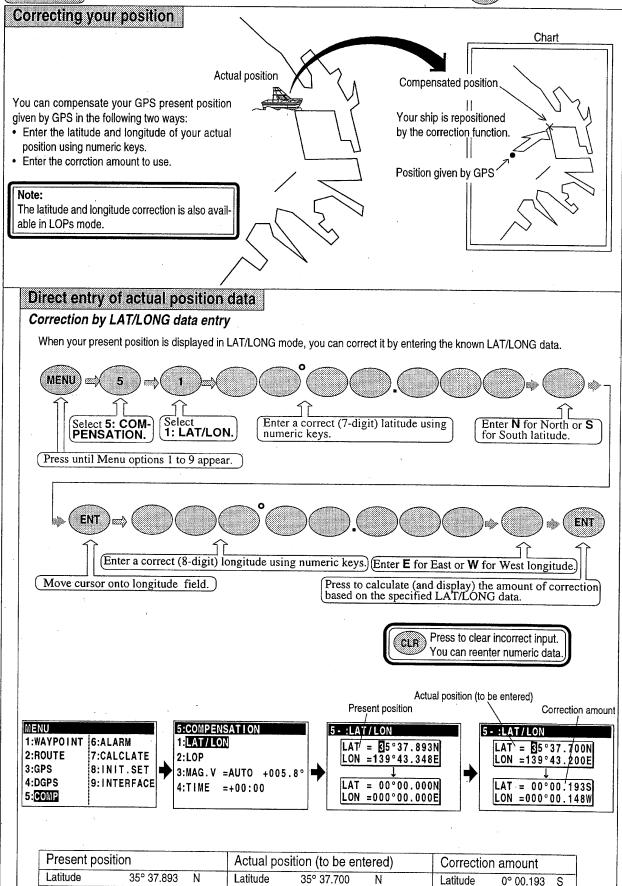
Description of the 001 - 020: Numbers which can be registered by the user. station number

021 - 030: Numbers which are stored as the beacon almanac data.

031 - 480: Numbers stored in the ROM (worldwide beacon stations are stored).







139° 43.348

Longitude

139° 43.200

Longitude

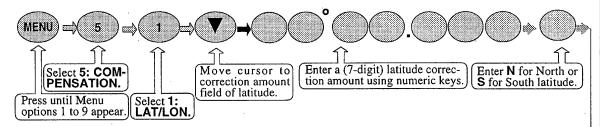
0° 00.148

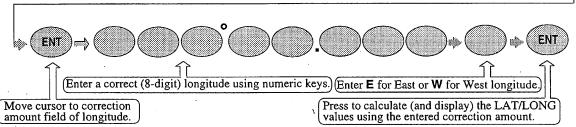
Longitude

Entry of correction amount

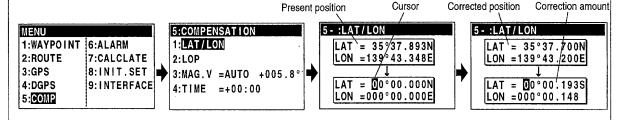
Correction by LAT/LONG data entry

When your present position is shown in LAT/LONG mode, you can correct it by entering the LAT/LONG correction data.





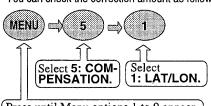
Press to clear incorrect input. (CLR) You can reenter numeric data.



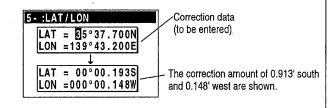
Correction	n amount (to b	e entered)	Present p	osition		Correcte	d position	
Latitude	0° 00.193	S	Latitude	35° 37.893	N	Latitude	35° 37.700	N
Longitude	0° 00.148	W	Longitude	139° 43.348	E	Longitude	139° 43.200	E

Checking the correction amount

You can check the correction amount as follows:

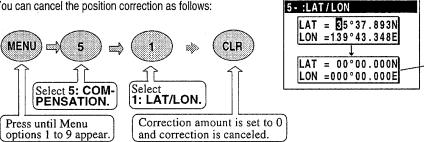


Press until Menu options 1 to 9 appear.



Canceling position correction

You can cancel the position correction as follows:

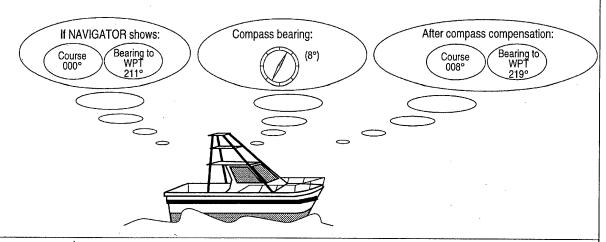


and correction is canceled.

Position correction has been

Compensating the compass

The course and bearing to waypoint is shown in true bearing. You can adjust the GPS true bearing to the magnetic compass bearing.



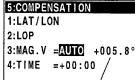
Automatic compensation

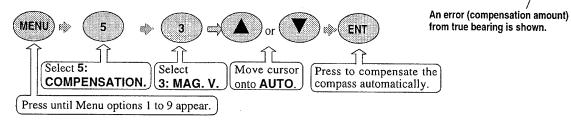
Initial setup: Auto mode

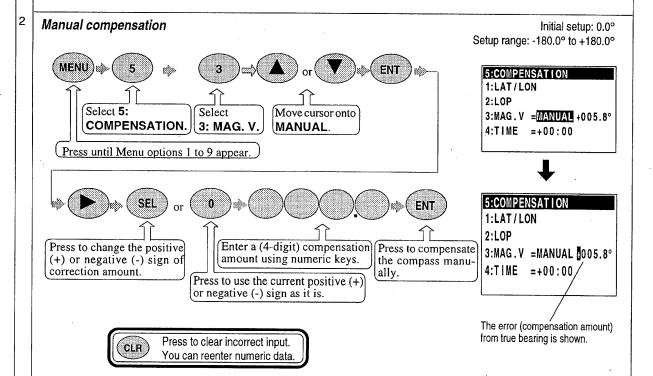
In the Auto mode, the magnetic compass is compensated based on the built-in global magnetic variation maps. However, avoid using this mode if you are higher than 75 degrees North or South latitude.

As the compass may have a small error because the system contains world maps. Manual correction is recommended.

For areas that do not allow exact translation of a true bearing to a magnetic bearing, despite the map covering the whole world, the resulting value may differ from the actual deviation.





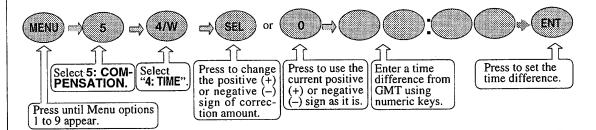


Displaying local time

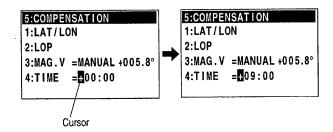
Initial setup: 00:00 hour

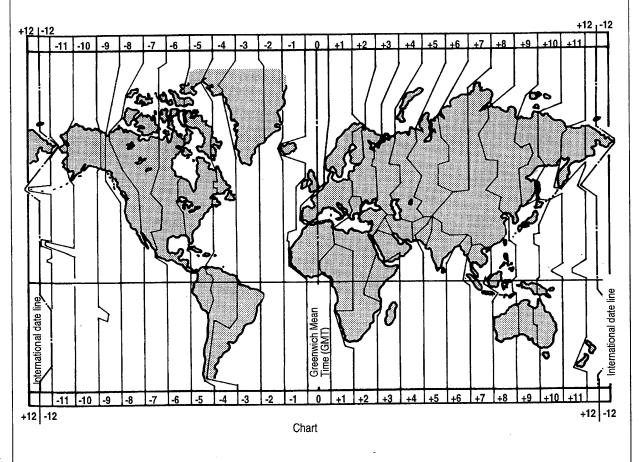
You can display your local time by entering a time difference from the Greenwich Mean Time (GMT). See the following chart to determine zone time difference.

Example: Japan has the time difference of +09:00 from the GMT.



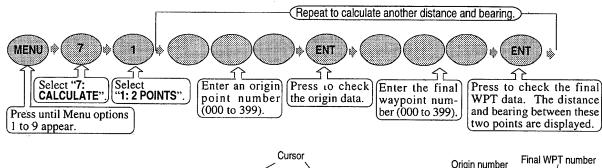
Press to clear incorrect input. You can reenter a "+" or "-" sign and numeric data.

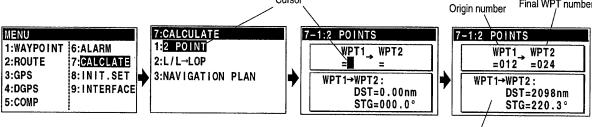




Calculating the distance and bearing between two points

You can calculate the distance and bearing between two points stored in memory.

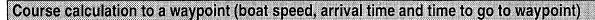




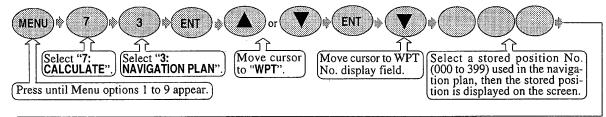
Distance and bearing from origin to final WPT

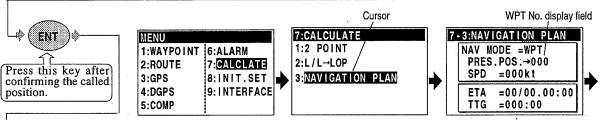
Calculating LOPs based on LAT/LONG data

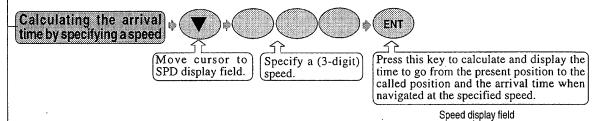
For the procedure of translating LAT/LONG data into LOP (Loran C, Loran A or Decca) representation, refer to the "Menu 7: Calculating LOPs based on LAT/LONG data" (page 41 to 43).

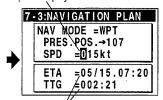


Following operations compute the time required to a memorized waypoint from your current position and the time you arrive there as well as the required speed of your boat. Before performing this calculation, you must make sure that your current position measured with GPS or DGPS is accurate.

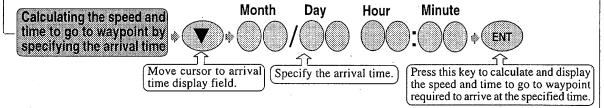




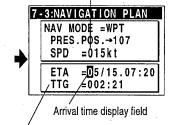




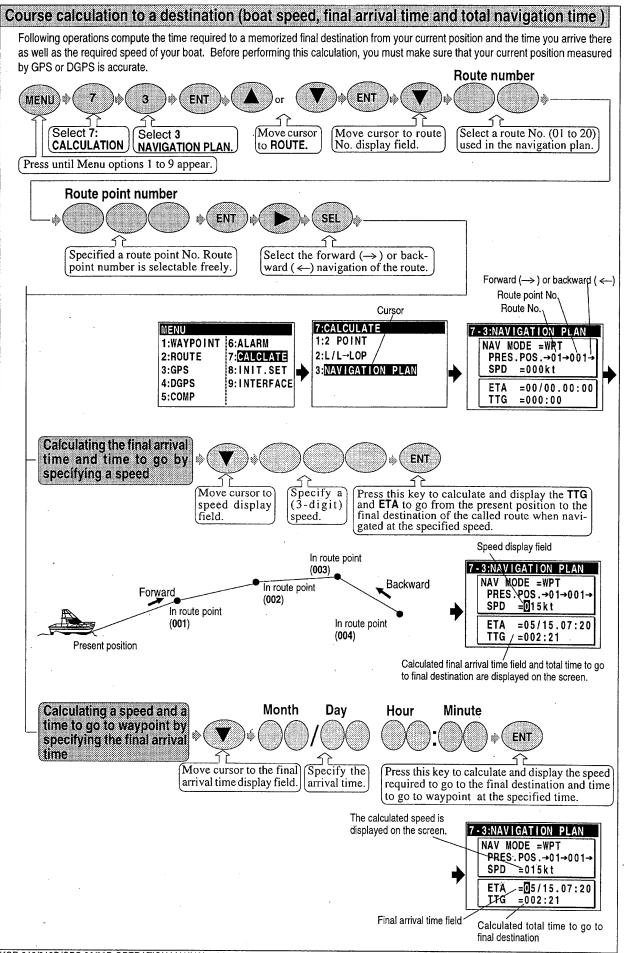
The calculated arrival time (ETA) and the time to go to waypoint (TTG) are displayed on the screen.



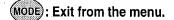
The calculated speed is displayed on the screen.

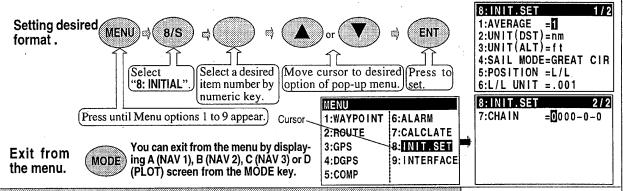


The calculated time to go to waypoint is displayed on the screen.



Menu 8: Initial settings





1 : Setting average constants (measuring position, speed and course)

Initial setup: 1

Use the averaging function to compare GPS sensor signals several times and get their average. This stabilizes the GPS position (latitude and longitude), speed and course data. The maximum averaging rate is 9 and the minimum averaging rate is 1. When you select a higher value, data is averaged more often and the display data has smaller variations. However, delays for updating occur. When you select a lower value, data is averaged less but the display data responds quicker.

1:AVERAGE 1/3/5 |6/9

Selecting a constant (averaging constant) suitable for your boat speed will provide you with smoother data of the boat position, course and speed.

2: Changing the distance or speed unit

Initial setup: nm 2:UNIT(DST)=nm

Unit conversion 0.540 1 km 0.621 1.151 1 nm 1.852 1.609 0.869 1 sm

You can change the measuring unit of distance (to WPT or final destination) and speed.

3: Changing the antenna heigh unit

Initial setup: ft

Unit conversion

You can change the measuring unit of antenna height (above sea level).

3:UNIT(ALT)≕fft

km

sm

ran l		Į m	l ft	
	1 m		3.281	
<u>m</u> (1 ft	0.3048		İ
				-
Initial setu	p: GRE	AT CIRC	CLE	

4: Changing sail mode

You can change the navigation mode. There are two navigation modes.

Great Circle course: The shortest course on a sphere.

Rhumb Line course: Straight course on a Mercator chart.

4:SAIL MODE=GREAT CIR MERCATOR

5: Displaying position data in LAT/LONG mode

For the switching procedure, refer to the "Registering a Position in LOP" (page 36).

Initial setup: L/L mode 5:POSITION = _OP

6: Changing the latitude and longitudinal display digits (between .001' and .0001') Initial setup:

The following operations enable to display the latitude and longitude of present position up to 0.0001 minute.

If you select .0001', the latitude and longitude data of GGA sentence will also be output in 0.0001' in the Output Data Format 0183.

.001 6:L/L UNIT = .0001

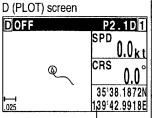
Sample displays when .0001 is selected:

A (NAV1) screen B (NAV2) screen

BOFF P2.1D CRS

P2.1Df CRS

C (NAV3) screen



Present position

Present position

Present position

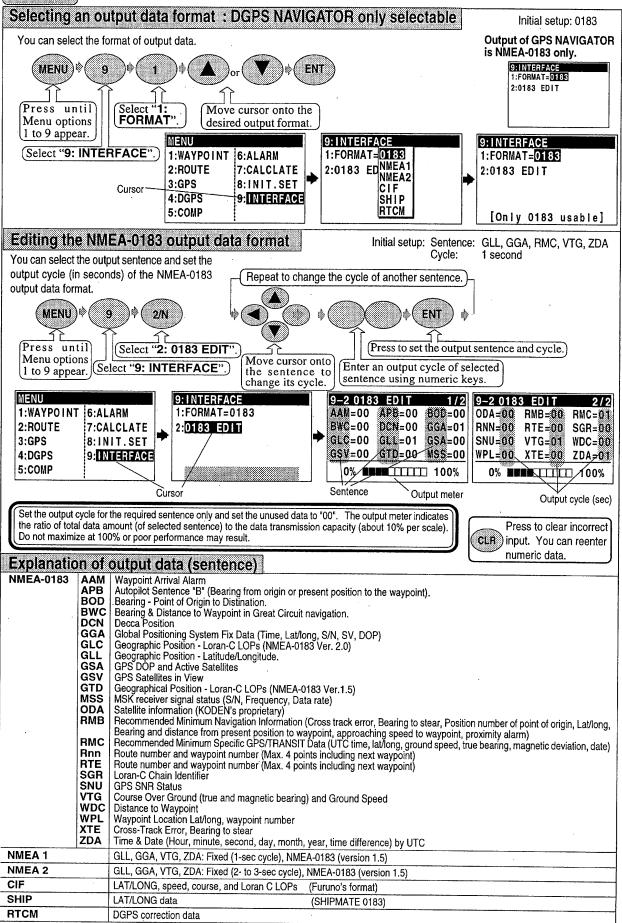
Present position

.001

7: Specifying the chain and secondary stations for Loran C, Loran A or Decca

For the operating procedure, refer to the "Initial setup for LOP display" (page 34).

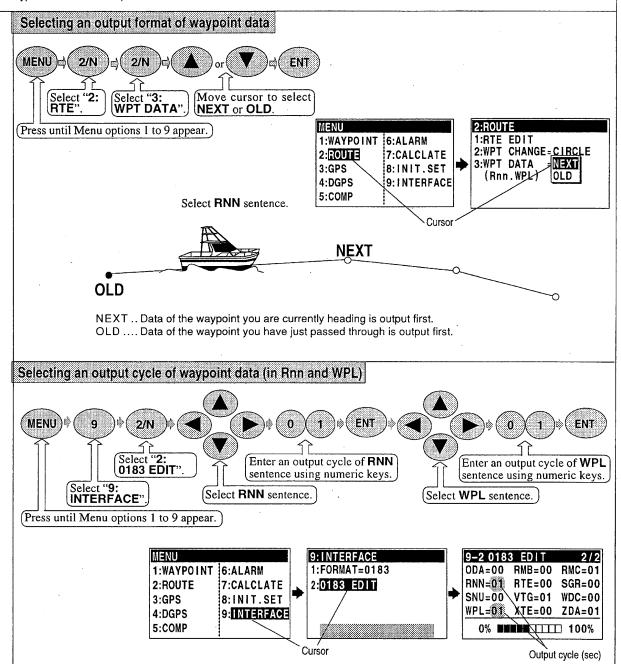




Outputting waypoint data during route navigation

Initial setup: NEXT

When selecting the output of waypoint data (in Rnn and WPL sentences) as route navigation is turned on, you can specify which waypoint data is to be output first.

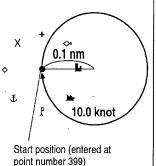


Operation of built-in simulator

The built-in simulator helps you practice operation before you use it in the field. Only a power source is required to turn on the unit. You enter the starting position of the simulated navigation at point number 399 in LAT/LONG referring to "Storing Waypoints" (page 13). Then, turn the unit off. Restart the unit by pressing **PWR/DIM** key and press "4" key when a text "CHECK OK" is displayed on the screen. When a beep sounds, the settings for the simulated navigation will complete.

Your position draws a circle from the position in point number 399 at 10.0 kt speed with 0.1 nm radius. It takes about 3 minutes 40 seconds for each circle. Select the 0.025-nm or 0.05-nm range on the PLOT screen.

You can try each function of the unit as if in practical operation. A power source is required for simulation but the antenna connection is not required. Simply turn the power off to get back to normal operation.

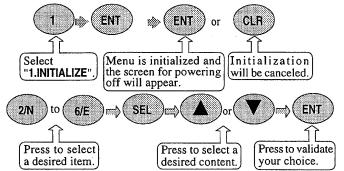


Initial Menu

Displayingthe menu.
Turn power on, then press the ENT key while the screen message "CHECKING" or "CHECK OK" is displayed.
Note: When powered, turn the power switch off first, then proceed to the following steps.







Other menu

Exit fromthe menu
Press the MODE key to display the screen for powering off.



INITIAL MENU 1 1:[NITIAL]ZE 2:LANGUAGE = ENGLISH

2:LANGUAGE =ENGLISH 3:WPT.RTE CLEAR 4:LOP =LORAN C 5:EVENT =AUTO [MODE KEY TO EXIT]

INITIAL MENU 6:L/L INIT =N/E

[MODE KEY TO EXIT]

1: Initialization

If your GPS position has failed due to satellite maintenance or other reason, initialize your GPS navigator. Then, set all system parameters again.

DELETE? YES=ENT NO =CLR

2: Changing the display language

You can change the display language.

(Already registered data on the waypoints, events, MOBs and routes remain unchanged.)

Initial setup: ENGLISH ENGLISH ニホンコ・中文

3: Erasing entire data from memory

You can erase the entire data such as waypoints, events, MOB, and route from memory.

DELETE? YES=ENT NO =CLR

4: Switching between Loran C LOPs, Loran A LOPs and Decca LOPs

Initial setup: LORAN C

This menu option allows you to select a desired display among the loran C LOP, Loran A LOP and Decca LOP.

(Already registered data on the waypoints, events, MOBs and routes remain unchanged.)

LORAN C LORAN A DECCA

5: Changing a storing method for present position (EVENT)

Initial setup: AUTO

You can use either of the following two procedures for registering your current position (event).

AUTO Pressing the EVT key automatically registers the points starting from No. 001 through 199. When the 200th point is reached, the number is returned to 001 again and the older data is sequentially replaced by the newer one.

MANUAL Press the EVT key, then specify desired registration numbers (in the range of 001 to 199) from the numerical keypad.

In the MANUAL mode, you can specify desired registration numbers.

EVT=001/ + 15 04:59 35°38.180N 139°42.990E



6: Selecting an initial value (North, South, East, West) of latitude/longitude

Initial setup: N/W

N/W

S/W

S/E

N/W (N. Lat./W. Long.) .. When power is turned on, GPS or DGPS position measurement is started using the north latitude/west longitude region as the initial value.

N/E (N. Lat./E. Long.) When power is turned on, GPS or DGPS position measurement is started using the north latitude/east longitude region as the initial value.

S/W (S. Lat./W. Long.) .. When power is turned on, GPS or DGPS position measurement is started using the south latitude/west longitude region as the initial value.

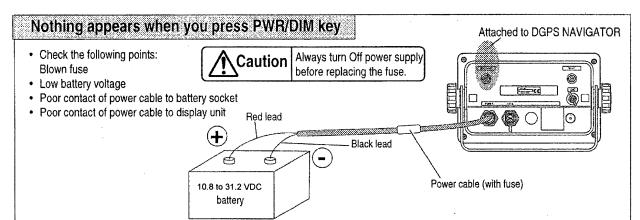
S/E (S. Lat./E. Long.) When power is turned on, GPS or DGPS position measurement is started using the south latitude/west longitude region as the initial value.

Troubleshooting Guide

If NAVIGATOR does not function properly, check the following points. If the problem continues, call for service.



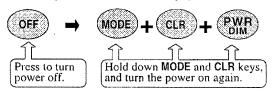
Never attempt to open the cabinet.



The display does not change (during reset)

Check the following points:

· If GPS signals are not received or key operation is not effective, try the following steps:



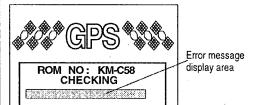
The stored position data is NOT lost even when you perform these steps.

The present positioning data is erased and NAVIGATOR returns to the initial setup.

All setup parameters are reset to factory defaults and you need to set them again.

Error message appears as you power on

An error message may appear when you power on.





BACKUP ERROR An error has occurred in backup RAM.

ROM CHANGED
ROM ERROR
RAM ERROR
A checksum error has occurred.
A ROM error has occurred.
A RAM error has occurred.

NO BEACON A beacon signal entry error has occurred.

BEACON ERROR A connection failure with beacon has occurred.

The ROM CHANGED message appears when ROM has been replaced. In this case, turn the power off, then restart again.

Nothing appears but buzzer sounds during power-on

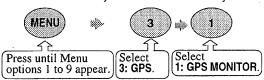
- · The receiver CPU has failed.
- · Call for service.

If differential GPS (DGPS) positioning fails

- Make sure that you have selected the cable connector of DGPS beacon receiver from Menu (using "1: IN CONNECT" options of "9: INTERFACE").
- Make sure that the baud rate you have set from Menu (using "2: BAUD RATE" options of "9: DGPS") matches the output signal baud rate of DGPS beacon receiver.
- Make sure that you have set the elevation angle from Menu (using "6: ELV ANGLE" options of "3: GPS") is greater than 5 degrees. The
 correction data sent from the on-shore reference station has the 7.5-degree or larger elevation angle of satellite. If your GPS navigator
 receives signals from satellite below 7.5 degrees of elevation angle, the DGPS positioning may fail. Set the elevation angle limit to 10
 degrees or more.

Unstable signal reception

• The antenna cable may not be connected securely between the antenna and receiver.

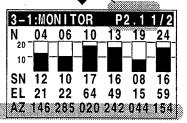


3:GPS
1:GPS MONITOR
2 FIX MODE=3D
3 DATUM =WGS-84
4 ANT.H =0000ft
5 DOP MASK=07
6 ELV.MASK=10

1. Check the HDOP of satellites.

If the HDOP has exceeded 20, NAVIGATOR stops positioning. Also, its positioning accuracy drops as HDOP gets larger in value.

HDOP	Accuracy
1 to 6	Normal
6 to 12	Acceptable
12 to 20	Low



2. Check the S/N of each satellite signal.

If elevation angle is greater than 10 degrees, the S/N values should normally be 10 to 20.

3. Check an obstacle that interfere signal reception.

If there is an obstacle between the antenna and satellites, NAVIGATOR cannot receive GPS satellite signals. You must change the antenna position.

Unstable beacon signal reception



1. Check the S/N of beacon signal.

The S/N values should normally be 6 or more.

2. Check the health information

4-7:DGPS MONITOR 1/ FREQUENCY=309.0kHz BIT RATE =200bps S/N =10dB ID NO =0686 DATA AGE =999 HEALTH =0

HEALTH indicates health status of reference station. 0 is best. Reliability degrades as the number increases up to 5. 6 indicates reference station not monitored. 7 means reference station not working.

- Make sure there is no obstruction around the receiving antenna and antenna coupler.
 There should be no metal objects around the receiving antenna and antenna coupler or data cannot be received.
- Check your grounding method.
 An RF ground may be necessary for reception. Install proper RF grounding if necessary.

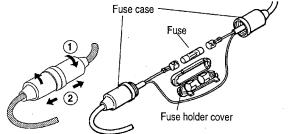
Replacing the fuse

- 1. Rotate the fuse case as shown, and pull out and open the case.
- 2. Open the fuse holder cover (that is located inside of fuse case).
- 3. Replace the blown fuse with a new fuse.

F-7161 2 A

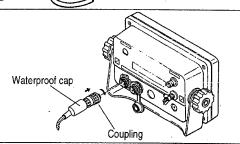
4. Close the fuse holder cover (until it clicks).

Rotate and close the fuse case (take care not to damage the cables).



Mounting the waterproof cap

- 1. Face the connector groove upward, and insert it into the end of power connector of display.
- 2. Rotate the coupling clockwise (CW) and fix it.
- 3. Cover the connector with the waterproof cap securely.



Specifications

Major Specifications

* Specifications subject to change without notice.

		Specifications subject to change without notice.
GPS rece	eiver section	on (Common)
Receiving fre	quency	1575.42 MHz ±1 MHz
Receiving cha	annel	Digital 11-channel parallel/sequential
Receiving co	de	C/A code
Sensitivity		Better than -130 dBm (elevation angle: 5° or over)
Tracking spec	ed	200 knots maximum
Accuracy	Position	10 meters RMS (DGPS on), 100 meters 2DRMS (DGS off)
(PDOP≦3)	Velocity	0.1 knot RMS (DGPS on)
Note: Accurac	y is subject to o	change in accordance with DoD civil GPS user policy.
		ection (DGPS NAVIGATOR only)
Receiving fre		283.5 to 325.0 kHz
Channel sepa	ıration	500 Hz step
Modulation		MSK: 50, 100, 200 bit/second
Sensitivity		2.5 μV/m or less (at BA-02)
Signal detect	 	Better than 6 dB
Dynamic rang	ge	92 dB
	olay sectio	n (Common)
Display		LCD with backlight (128 x 64 dotts, effective picture area: 85.71 x 54.35 mm)
Display mode		NAV1, NAV2, NAV3, PLOT, MOB (Man Over Board), MENU
Track display		0.025, 0.05, 0.1, 0.2, 0.5, 1, 2, 5, 10, 20 nm (sm, km)
	Usable ground	Within 80° in latitude
	Plotting interval	
	Plotting capacity	
Position data	display	Latitude/longitude in increments of 0.0001 minute, converted Loran C LOPs, converted Loran A LOPs, converted Decca LOPs
Navigational o	lisplay	Speed, course, velocity made good/course made good/elapsed time, altitude, distance/bearing/cross track error/course deviation/time to go to waypoint, total time to go and distance on route, DOP value, present time (UTC or LTC), satellite status, beacon receiving status, distance/bearing between two points, MOB display
Instant (event)) memory	200 points
Waypoint men	nory	200 points
Route memory	у	20 routes (Max. 400 waypoints) reverse trail possible
Alarm		Proximity, cross track error, CDI, anchor watch, DGPS, GPS
Position comp	ensation	Latitude/longitude, LOPs, Datum
Magnetic com	pensation	Auto or manual
Parameters		Loran C LOPs conversion, Loran A LOPs conversion, Decca LOPs conversion, memory of waypoints and name (up to 10 letters), selection of measuring unit (nm,sm,km), antenna height unit (ft, m), antenna height, averaging (smooth) factor, position mode (2D or 3D automatic selection), beacon stations selection
Output data for (GPS NAVIGA 0183 only)		NMEA-0183 (AAM, APB, BOD, BWC, DCN, GGA, GLC, GLL, GSA, GSV, GTD, MSS, ODA, RMB, RMC, Rnn, RTE, SGR, SNU, VTG, WDC, WPL, XTE and ZDA), NMEA 1, NMEA 2, CIF, SHIPMATE 0183, RTCM SC104 (for DGPS, 4800 baud rate)
Data output in	terval	1 second (CIF, SHIP, and NMEA 1), 3 seconds (NMEA 2), and 1 to 99 seconds selectable (NMEA-0183)
Memory prote	ction	By built-in battery
Power supply	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	10.8 to 41.6 VDC
Power consur	nption	4.8 W or less (KGP-913D), 3.3 W or less (KGP-913), at 24 VDC
Operating tem	perature	Display unit: - 15° to + 55°C (5° to 131°F) Antenna unit: - 30° to + 75°C (- 22° to 167°F)
GPS disp	olay sectio	n (DGPS NAVIGATOR only)
Differential		ON, OFF, AUTO
Beacon statio	n selection	Auto (requires position information) or manual
Beacon statio	n data	User entry (20 stations), beacon almanac data (10 stations), ROM (built-in stations around the world)
Operating tem	perature	Antenna coupler: - 30° to + 70°C (- 22° to 158°F)

Standard equipment list

C	^	m	m	10	1
U	u	112	***	UI	1

No.	Article	Туре	Remarks	Weight/length	Quantity			
1	Display unit	KGP-913/GPS-90	0 With mounting bracket and vinyl cover 0.86 kg (1		1			
		KGP-913D/GPS-90D	With mounting bracket and vinyl cover	0.96 kg (2.1 lb)				
2	Antenna unit	GA-08	For GPS reception, with antenna cable	0.62 kg (1.4 lb)	1			
	Antenna cable		Connected to GA-08/ BNC connector	10 m (32 13/16 ft)				
		GA-08L	For GPS reception, with antenna cable	0.81 kg (1.8 lb)				
			Connected to GA-08L/ BNC connector	15 m (49 3/16 ft)				
3	DC power cable	CW-241	With 3-pin connector	1.8 m (5 15/16 ft)	1			
4	Fuse	F-7161, 2 A	For spare		1			
5	Truss tapping screw	TPT M5 X 20U	For mounting bracket		2			
6	Operation manual				1			
Inst	Installation materials: available upon requirement							
7 Hose band 738-1015 Antenna unit					2			

DGPS NAVIGATOR only

_ ~.	0 11711107110110	· · · y			
No.	Article	Туре	Remarks	Weight/length	Quantity
1	Antenna coupler	BA-02-K/BA-02-S	For beacon reception, with antenna cable	0,85 kg (1.9 lb)	1
	Antenna cable		Connected to BA-02/ BNC connector	10 m (32 13/16 ft)	
		BA-02-KL/BA-020SL	For beacon reception, with antenna cable	1.2 kg (2.7 lb)	1
	1		Connected to BA-02-L/ BNC connector	15 m (49 3/16 ft)	
Inst	allation material	s: available upon r	equirement		
2	Hose hand	738-1015	Antenna counter		2

Options

Common

No.	Article	Туре	Remarks	Weight/length
1	Printer	KGP-9001A	With power and connecting cable	1.7 kg (3.8 lb)
2 - 1	Connecting cable	CW-350	With 6-pin and BNC connectors	5 m (16 3/8 ft)
·-2		CW-351	With 6-pin connectors	5 m (16 3/8 ft)
- 3		CW-352	With 6-pin connector and lugs	5 m (16 3/8 ft)
3	Power rectifier	PS-003A	With two 5A fuses	2.8 kg (6.2 lb)
4	AC power cable	VV-2D8	Both end plain, for power rectifier	3 m (9 13/16 ft)
5	Flush mount kit	FMK-1	Flush mount frame with screws	
6	Antenna holder	RAH-29	Ratchet mount	0.68 kg (1.5 lb)

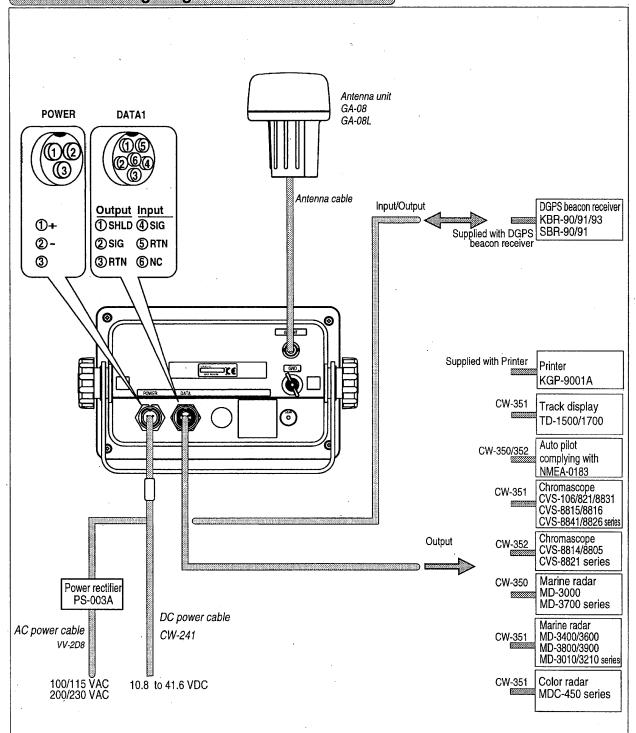
DGPS NAVIGATOR only

DOI 1	S NAVIGATOR OTHY	•			
No.	Article	Туре	Remarks		Weight/length
1	Receiving antenna	RA-14	2.45 m, whip	2.45 m, whip	
2	H-field loop antenna Antenna cable	BA-03	With antenna cable Connected to BA-03/BNC connector		1.4 kg (3.1 lb) 10 m (32 13/16 ft)
		BA-03L	With antenna cable Connected to BA-03L/BNC co	With antenna cable Connected to BA-03L/BNC connector	
		BA-03S	With antenna cable Connected to BA-03S/BNC connector		0.99 kg (2.2 lb) 0.5 m (1 5/8 ft)
4	GPS/H-field beacon antenna Antenna cable	GBA-01	With antenna cables Connected to GBA-01/BNC connected to CBA-01/BNC connected	onnector	1.9 kg (4.2 lb) 10 m (32 13/16 ft)
		GBA-01L	With antenna cables Connected to GBA-01L/BNC	connector	2.2 kg (4.9 lb) 15 m (49 3/16 ft)
		GBA-01S	With antenna cables Connected to GBA-01S/BNC connector		1.1 kg (2.5 lb) 0.5 m (1 5/8 ft)
5	Antenna extension cable	CW-826	With N-P/BNC connectors	For BA-03S/GBA-01S	0.5 m (1 5/8 ft)
		RG-10U/Y	With N-P connectors	For BA-03S/GBA-01S	20 m (66 ft)
		RG-10U/Y	With N-P connectors	For BA-03S/GBA-01S	30 m (98 7/16 ft)

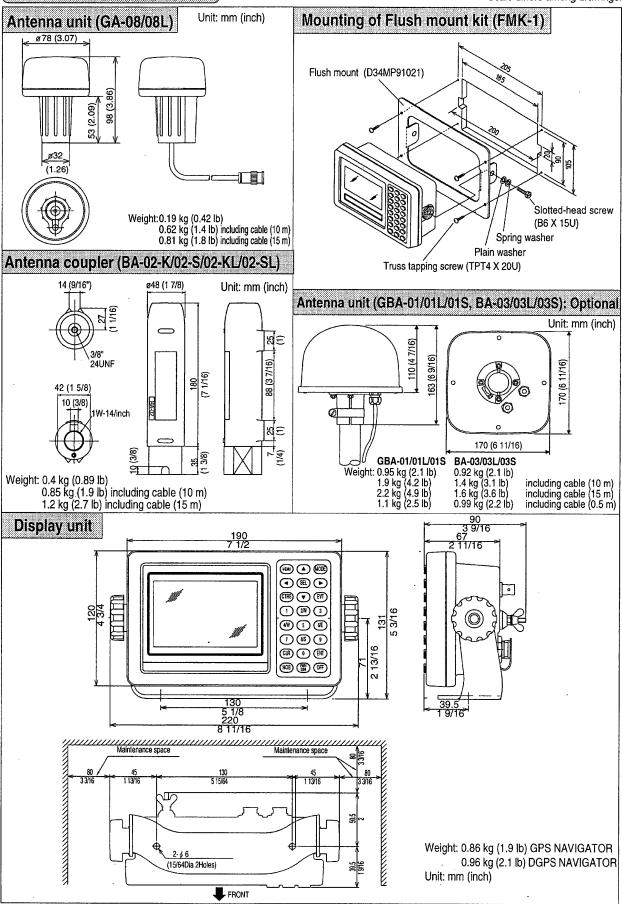
Other materials (For BA-03/03L/03S, GBA-01/01L/01S)

No.	Article	Туре	Remarks		Quantity
1	Antenna holder	RAH-23	Stainless steel made	For BA-03/03L/03S, GBA-01/01L/01S	1
2	Hose band	SD-2050		For BA-03/03L/03S, GBA-01/01L/01S	1
3	Hose band	738-1015		For BA-03/03L/03S, GBA-01/01L/01S	1

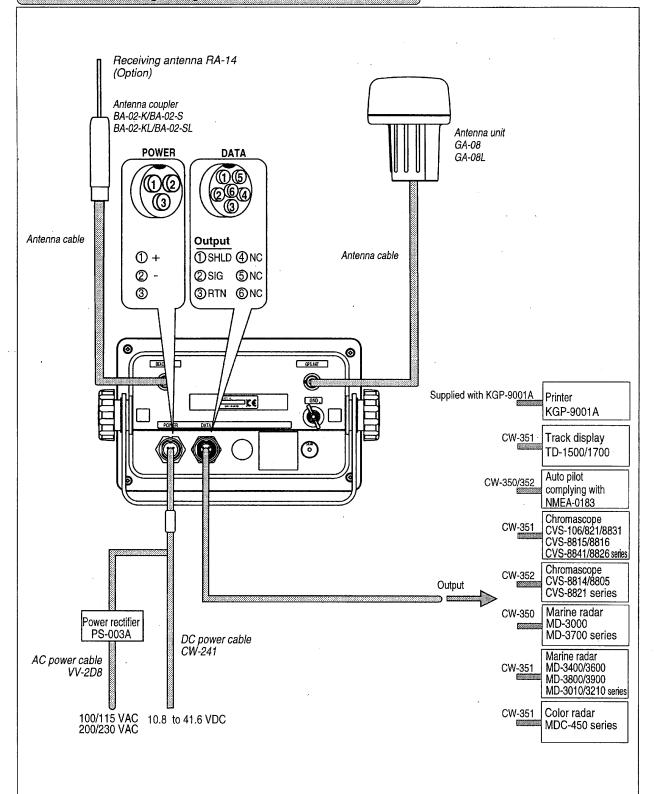
Interconnecting diagram: GPS NAVIGATOR



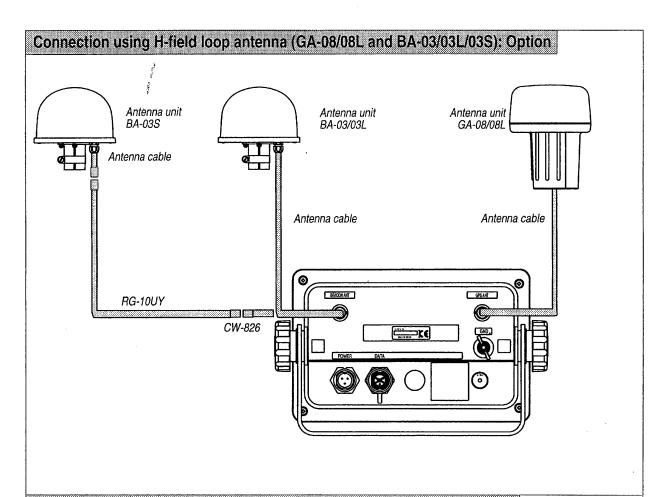
Note: Connection method to the power rectifier varies depending on the given voltage level (100 VAC, 115 VAC, 200 VAC, 230 VAC). For the detail, refer to the attached drawing on the power rectifier, "Outline, dimensions & circuit of the rectifier".



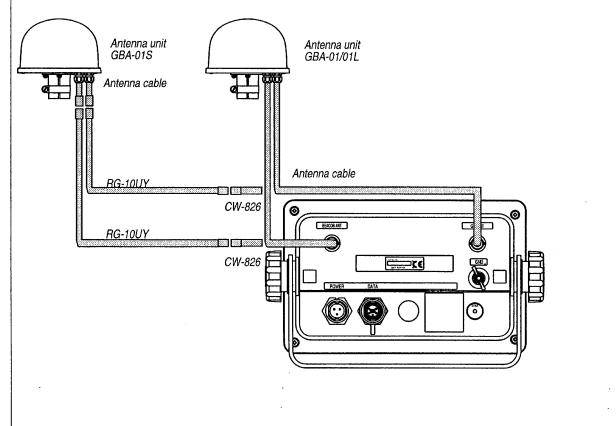
Interconnecting diagram: DGPS NAVIGATOR



Note: Connection method to the power rectifier varies depending on the given voltage level (100 VAC, 115 VAC, 200 VAC, 230 VAC). For the detail, refer to the attached drawing on the power rectifier, "Outline, dimensions & circuit of the rectifier".



Connection using GPS/H-field beacon antenna (GBA-01/01L/01S): Option



t.

KGP-913/913D/GPS-90/90D OPERATION MANUAL - 02

Installing Antenna

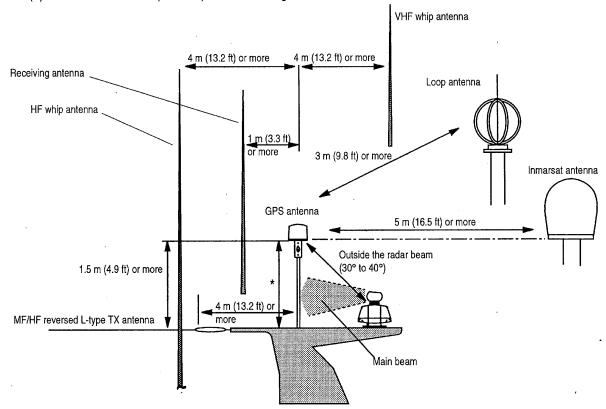
Selecting the best site for GPS antenna

Scale differs among drawings.

Make sure to install the antenna unit at a location where nothing shades the antenna of a view above the horizon.

Objects placed above the antenna unit or too close to the antenna unit may cause signal to noise ratio to degrade and shorten measuring time.

- (1) As far away from any metallic objects as possible.
- (2) At least 4 meters (13.2 feet) away from the MF/HF reversed L-type TX antenna, VHF or HF whip antenna.
- (3) At least 1.5 meter (4.9 feet) above the MF/HF reversed L-type TX antenna.
- (4) At least 1 meter (3.3 feet) away from the receiving antenna.
- (5) Outside radar transmitting beam (30° to 40°).
- (6) At least 1 meter (3.3 feet) away from the radar antenna.
- (7) At least 5 meters (16.5 feet) away from the Inmarsat antenna.
- (8) At least 3 meters (9.8 feet) away from the loop antenna.
- (9) At least 0.5 meters (1.6 feet) above the large metal surface.

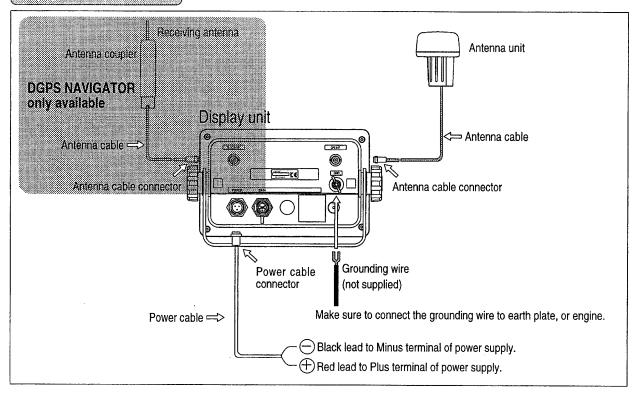


* At least 0.5 meters (1.6 feet) above the large metal surface.

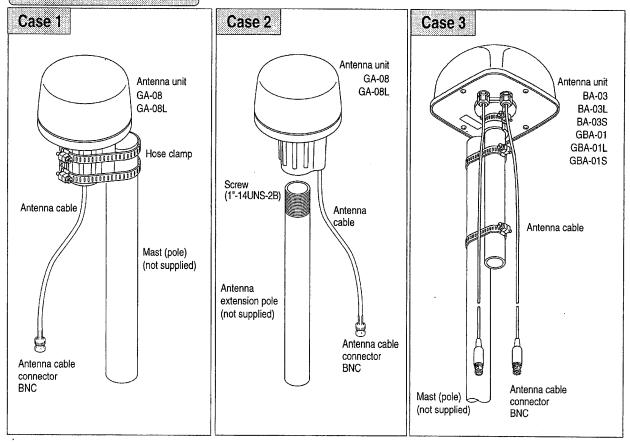
Should you find no place is available under the conditions as described in (1) through (8), then find the largest metal object and set up the antenna as far away as possible.

Guide li	ne	
Object	Size in diameter	Minimum distance
Pole	10 cm (3 15/16 inches)	1.5 m (4.9 ft)
Pole	30 cm (11 13/16 inches)	3.0 m (9.8 ft)

Cable Connections



Antenna Installation



Selecting the best site for Beacon antenna with its coupler

Install the receiving antenna and its coupler at the highest position on the vessel. Do not mount under or inside a place where metal is present. A metallic object between the transmitting station and antenna might not allow reception within the service area.

Notice for installation

As an installation site, select a place free from any metallic objects.

Install the antenna coupler at least one meter away from the receiver or remote display.

An appropriate installation position for the receiving antenna and coupler is as follows according to different types of vessel.

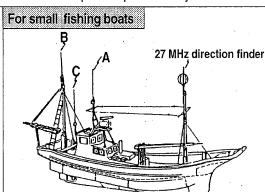
- On a sail boat, an insulated aft stay is usable as an antenna.
- In case of center cabin vessel, install the coupler on a side or on top of the cabin.
- On a power boat, install the coupler on the top or side of the cabin.

Select a place where the antenna can be mounted vertical.

Install the coupler as far away from other antennas, particularly transmitting antennas of intermediate or high frequency. Keep away from the TV set and receiving antenna.

Installation site

Select an optimum position for your boat.



Select an optimum position from A, B, and C below.

Position A (above radar mast)

A short antenna cable suffices.

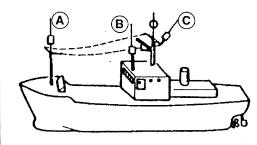
Position B (on mast)

Installation is possible at a high point, but the antenna cable length may fall short.

Position C (bridge)

A short antenna cable suffices.

For medium to large sized fishing boats



Position(A)

Mount the antenna at least one meter above the yard and as far away from the transmitting antenna as possible.

Position(B)

Mount the antenna on the end of the bridge and as far away from any transmitting antennas as possible. Mount the antenna coupler so the horizontal antenna element will be positioned below the middle of the whip antenna.

Position(C)

Tilt the antenna outward at least two meters away from the loop antenna, even this may slightly affect the bearing measurement on the two MHz band.

Position (A) and (B)

Mount on the bridge and as far away from the transmitting antenna as possible.

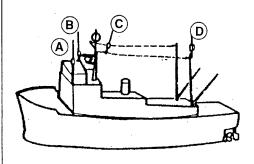
Position(C)

Mount at least one meter above the yard and as far away from the transmitting antenna and a loop antenna as possible.

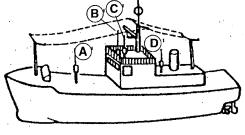
Tilt outward at least two meters away from the loop antenna, even this may slightly affect the bearing measurement on the two MHz band.

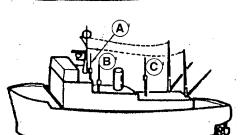
Position(D)

Mount at least one meter above the yard and as far away from the transmitting antenna as possible.



If no mounting position is available matching the above conditions and when the operation is able only where the beacon signal is strong, refer to the following.





Position(A)

Absolutely avoid any place immediately below the transmitting antenna.

Position(B)' and(C)'

Separate as far away from the transmitting antenna. Mount the receiving antenna so its top end is located above the transmitting antenna. Separate as far away from the radar mast and other obstacles as possible.

Position D'

Absolutely avoid any place surrounded by obstacles.

Position A' and B'

Separate as far away from any transmitting antenna as possible, and mount the receiving antenna so its top end is located above the transmitting antenna. Separate as far away from the radar mast and other obstacles.

Position C

Absolutely avoid any place immediately below the transmitting antenna.

RF ground

Tip 1: Grounding the antenna coupler is essential

The whip antenna used for DPS NAVIGATOR exhibits high impedance, causing the antenna to be sensitive to external noise. To lessen the noise and to make sure better reception of beacon signal, proper grounding of the antenna coupler BA-02 is quite essential.

There is a variance in grounding method according to the material of the hull.

Steel hull:

Connect the grounding wire to the nearest grounding point on the hull.

Wooden or FRP hull: Connect the grounding wire from the antenna coupler to the grounding plate attached to the bilge. Make sure the length of the wire is kept shortest as possible.

Tip 2: Grounding method

In general there are three ways for grounding as shown in right figure.

Method 1 (Grounding to another equipment):

This method is considered most convenient and simple to implement, however, in case the noise level is considerable, its effect may be less than expected.

Method 2 (Grounding direct to the bilge):

This method may provide better result than method 1. Make sure the connection is as short as possible and good contact on common grounding point.

Method 3: (Grounding direct to independent bilge ground):

In case you cannot reduce the noise from other source even if the method 1 or 2 is implemented, we recommend the method 3. This approach reduces the common mode noise by applying direct grounding to the bilge, that should be virtually common potential. The independent shipis ground should be located nearest to the antenna coupler, and the ground connection should be as short and thick as possible.

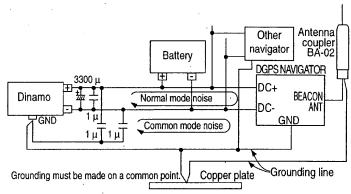
NOTE: The independent shipis ground should be provided with a thick copper plate which is attached to the bottom of the hull. The ground connection must be routed in a shortest distance.

Tip 3. Reducing the noise from other equipment

When you connect DGPS NAVIGATOR to another equipment, the noise can possibly be induced via connection cables from the equipment in operation. To eliminate the noise DGPS NAVIGATOR should be bonded to the equipment to maintain these units at common ground potential. This arrangement may contribute to reduce the noise.

Tip 4. Reducing the noise from dynamo

The noise generated from dynamo can often become a serious interference that worsens the beacon signal reception. As shown in right figure, the noise current flows in two different paths, i.e. Normal Mode and Common Mode, respectively. The noise can be discriminated from other noise source by increasing or decreasing the output of the engine. Should the noise be detected, connect the capacitors as specified in right figure. It is known that the common mode noise can often



become a major cause of the interference to the receiver.

Tip 5. Checking the overall function

When you have implemented the above countermeasures, use the following procedures to verify the modification is effective.

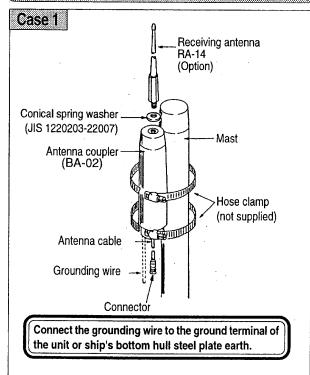
Confirm a reception status of the beacon signal by the S/N ratio shown on the DGPS monitor; which is menu driven. The S/N ratio of more than 6 is acceptable for normal operation.

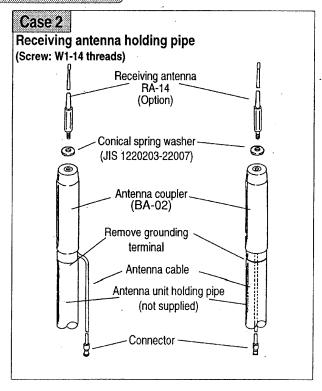
As the situation on board varies according to a ship, in terms of the material of the hull, cable layout, etc, we recommend to try out a possible combination of the countermeasures described above.

This test method should also be performed in the following conditions on board.

- Ship's engine is stopped. Ship's engine is driven at lower revolution. Ship's engine is driven at higher revolution.
- The drainage pump is run. The ventilation fan in the engine room is operated. The fluorescent lamps are turned on.

Receiving antenna and antenna coupler installation





Local Geodetic Systems

The number assigned to each place name is the set values used in the "Selecting a geodetic datum" (page 42).

In alphabetical order

Name No. Name No. ALASKA/CANADA 04 LIBERIA 64 57 ARC 50 29 MAHA 71 58 ARC 60 30 MALAYSIA 23 **ARGENTIN** 39 MALDIVE 48 MARCUS **ASCENSION** 31 35 **AUSTRALIAN 84** 06 MARSHALL 82 BAHRAIN 27 MASCARENE 73 BERMUDA 37 MIDWAY 61 62 BRAZIL 45 MOROCCO 61 CANARY 68 NAD-27 03 **CAYMAN BRAC** 56 NAD-83 10 **CHATHAM** 43 **NEW GEORGIA** 46 cocos 28 **NEW ZEALAND** 13 COLOMBIA 38 **NIGERIA** 63 CORVO/FLORES 65 OMAN 67 **DIEGO GARCIA** 52 PARAGUAY 44 DJAKARTA 22 **PHILLIPPINES** 19 76 PHOENIX **EAST FALKLAND** 40 EAST MALAYSIA 79 PITCAIRN 69 **EASTER** 47 PORTO SANTO 77 **EFATE** 36 PUERTO RICO 71 **EGYPT** 66 **QATAR** 72 **ENGLAND** 20 ROME 40 15 **ERITREA** 60 SALVAGE 59 **ETHIOPIA** 25 SANTA MARIA 75 **EUROPEAN 50** 05 SANTO 74 EUROPEAN 79 SAUDI ARABIA 14 17 FAIAL 78 SOMALIA 26 FIJ 81 SOUTH AFRICA 16 FINLAND 84 SOUTH AMERICA 80 **FLORIDA** 41 SOUTH ASIA 07 **GREENLAND** 09 SOUTH CHILE 70 **GUADALCANAL** 50 **SRI LANKA** 54 GUAM 63 49 ST. HELENA 34 HAWAII 21 SURINAM 83 HONG KONG 63 51 **SWEDEN** 85 **ICELAND 55** 11 **TERN** 33 INDIAN/NEPAL 18 TOKYO 02 **IRELAND 65** TRINIDAD 64 **IWO JIMA** 32 TRISTAN 80 **JAPAN** 24 **TUNISIA** 42 **JHONSTON** WGS-72 01 KELGUELEN 55 WGS-84 00

In numerical order

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27 BAHRAIN 70 SOUTH CHILE 28 COCOS 71 PUERTO RICO 29 ARC 50 72 QATAR 30 ARC 60 73 MASCARENE 31 ASCENSION 74 SANTO 32 IWO JIMA 75 SANTA MARIA 33 TERN 76 EAST FALKLAND 34 ST. HELENA 77 PORTO SANTO 35 MARCUS 78 FAIAL 36 EFATE 79 EAST MALAYSIA 37 BERMUDA 80 TRISTAN 38 COLOMBIA 81 FIJI 39 ARGENTIN 82 MARSHALL 40 PHOENIX 83 SURINAM 41 FLORIDA 84 FINLAND	25	ETHIOPIA	68	CANARY				
28 COCOS 71 PUERTO RICO 29 ARC 50 72 QATAR 30 ARC 60 73 MASCARENE 31 ASCENSION 74 SANTO 32 IWO JIMA 75 SANTA MARIA 33 TERN 76 EAST FALKLAND 34 ST. HELENA 77 PORTO SANTO 35 MARCUS 78 FAIAL 36 EFATE 79 EAST MALAYSIA 37 BERMUDA 80 TRISTAN 38 COLOMBIA 81 FIJI 39 ARGENTIN 82 MARSHALL 40 PHOENIX 83 SURINAM 41 FLORIDA 84 FINLAND	26	SOMALIA	69	PITCAIRN				
29 ARC 50 72 QATAR 30 ARC 60 73 MASCARENE 31 ASCENSION 74 SANTO 32 IWO JIMA 75 SANTA MARIA 33 TERN 76 EAST FALKLAND 34 ST. HELENA 77 PORTO SANTO 35 MARCUS 78 FAIAL 36 EFATE 79 EAST MALAYSIA 37 BERMUDA 80 TRISTAN 38 COLOMBIA 81 FIJI 39 ARGENTIN 82 MARSHALL 40 PHOENIX 83 SURINAM 41 FLORIDA 84 FINLAND	27	BAHRAIN		SOUTH CHILE				
30 ARC 60 73 MASCARENE 31 ASCENSION 74 SANTO 32 IWO JIMA 75 SANTA MARIA 33 TERN 76 EAST FALKLAND 34 ST. HELENA 77 PORTO SANTO 35 MARCUS 78 FAIAL 36 EFATE 79 EAST MALAYSIA 37 BERMUDA 80 TRISTAN 38 COLOMBIA 81 FIJI 39 ARGENTIN 82 MARSHALL 40 PHOENIX 83 SURINAM 41 FLORIDA 84 FINLAND	28	COCOS	71	PUERTO RICO				
31 ASCENSION 74 SANTO 32 IWO JIMA 75 SANTA MARIA 33 TERN 76 EAST FALKLAND 34 ST. HELENA 77 PORTO SANTO 35 MARCUS 78 FAIAL 36 EFATE 79 EAST MALAYSIA 37 BERMUDA 80 TRISTAN 38 COLOMBIA 81 FIJI 39 ARGENTIN 82 MARSHALL 40 PHOENIX 83 SURINAM 41 FLORIDA 84 FINLAND	29	ARC 50	72	QATAR				
32 IWO JIMA 75 SANTA MARIA 33 TERN 76 EAST FALKLAND 34 ST. HELENA 77 PORTO SANTO 35 MARCUS 78 FAIAL 36 EFATE 79 EAST MALAYSIA 37 BERMUDA 80 TRISTAN 38 COLOMBIA 81 FIJI 39 ARGENTIN 82 MARSHALL 40 PHOENIX 83 SURINAM 41 FLORIDA 84 FINLAND	30	ARC 60	73	MASCARENE				
33 TERN 76 EAST FALKLAND 34 ST. HELENA 77 PORTO SANTO 35 MARCUS 78 FAIAL 36 EFATE 79 EAST MALAYSIA 37 BERMUDA 80 TRISTAN 38 COLOMBIA 81 FIJI 39 ARGENTIN 82 MARSHALL 40 PHOENIX 83 SURINAM 41 FLORIDA 84 FINLAND	31	ASCENSION	74	SANTO				
34 ST. HELENA 77 PORTO SANTO 35 MARCUS 78 FAIAL 36 EFATE 79 EAST MALAYSIA 37 BERMUDA 80 TRISTAN 38 COLOMBIA 81 FIJI 39 ARGENTIN 82 MARSHALL 40 PHOENIX 83 SURINAM 41 FLORIDA 84 FINLAND	32	IWO JIMA	75	SANTA MARIA				
35 MARCUS 78 FAIAL 36 EFATE 79 EAST MALAYSIA 37 BERMUDA 80 TRISTAN 38 COLOMBIA 81 FIJI 39 ARGENTIN 82 MARSHALL 40 PHOENIX 83 SURINAM 41 FLORIDA 84 FINLAND	33	TERN	76	EAST FALKLAND				
36 EFATE 79 EAST MALAYSIA* 37 BERMUDA 80 TRISTAN 38 COLOMBIA 81 FIJI 39 ARGENTIN 82 MARSHALL 40 PHOENIX 83 SURINAM 41 FLORIDA 84 FINLAND	34	ST. HELENA	77	PORTO SANTO				
37 BERMUDA 80 TRISTAN 38 COLOMBIA 81 FIJI 39 ARGENTIN 82 MARSHALL 40 PHOENIX 83 SURINAM 41 FLORIDA 84 FINLAND	35	MARCUS	78	FAIAL				
38 COLOMBIA 81 FIJI 39 ARGENTIN 82 MARSHALL 40 PHOENIX 83 SURINAM 41 FLORIDA 84 FINLAND	36	EFATE	79	EAST MALAYSIA `				
39 ARGENTIN 82 MARSHALL 40 PHOENIX 83 SURINAM 41 FLORIDA 84 FINLAND	37	BERMUDA	80	TRISTAN				
40 PHOENIX 83 SURINAM 41 FLORIDA 84 FINLAND	38	COLOMBIA	81	FIJI				
41 FLORIDA 84 FINLAND	39	ARGENTIN	82	MARSHALL				
	40	PHOENIX	83	SURINAM				
42 TUNISIA 85 SWEDEN	41	FLORIDA	84	FINLAND				
	42	TUNISIA	85	SWEDEN				



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